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## SAFETY DATA SHEET STANDARD THINNERS

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking		
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	STANDARD THINNERS	
Product number	PTH500, STT005, STT025, STT450, BLS005, NRS025	
1.2. Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Identified uses	Additive for paint.	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the	he safety data sheet	
Supplier Manufacturer	TETROSYL LIMITED Bury Lancashire England BL9 7NY 0161 764 5981 0161 797 5899 info@tetrosyl.com TETROSYL LIMITED Bury Lancashire England BL9 7NY 0161 764 5981 0161 797 5899 info@tetrosyl.com	
1.4. Emergency telephone nur		
Emergency telephone	0161 764 5981	
SECTION 2: Hazards identification	ation	
2.1. Classification of the subst	ance or mixture	
Classification (EC/1272/2008)		
Physical hazards	Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	
Health hazards	Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Repr. 2 - H361fd STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304	
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	
Classification (67/548/EEC or	F; R11. Xn; R65, R20, R48/20/21/22. Xi; R41, R38. Repr. Cat. 3 R63, R62. N; R51/53. R67	

1999/45/EC)

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram









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Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H318 Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H332 Harmful if inhaled.</li> <li>H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.</li> <li>H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.</li> <li>P102 Keep out of reach of children.</li> <li>P201 Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.</li> <li>P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P240 Ground/ bond container and receiving equipment.</li> <li>P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.</li> <li>P242 Use only non-sparking tools.</li> <li>P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.</li> <li>P260 Do not breathe vapour/ spray.</li> <li>P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P273 Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.</li> <li>P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.</li> <li>P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin with water/ shower.</li> <li>P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.</li> <li>P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.</li> <li>P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.</li> <li>P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.</li> <li>P332+P318 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish.</li> <li>P301 Cellect spillage.</li> <li>P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</li> </ul>
Contains	TOLUENE, PROPAN-1-OL, HEPTANE, CYCLOHEXANE, XYLENE, ETHYLBENZENE, HEXANE-norm, IPA, BUTAN-2-OL, METHYL ACETATE, METHANOL, BUTANOL-norm, ACETONE, BUTANONE, ISOBUTYL METHYL KETONE, ETHYL ACETATE, PROPYL ACETATE, BUTYL ACETATE -norm
Detergent labelling	15 - < 30% aromatic hydrocarbons, 5 - < 15% aliphatic hydrocarbons

Supplementary precautionary	P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.
statements	P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
	P312 Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
	P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.
	P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).
	P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2. Mixtures

			10-30%
EC number: 203-62	5-9	REACH registration number: 01- 2119471310-51-0000	
	•	-	
50 1 000 7/			5-10%
EC number: 200-740	6-9		
	Classification (67/54 F;R11 Xi;R41 R67	48/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
			5-10%
EC number: 201-18	5-2		
			5-10%
EC number: 201-158	8-5		
	•	-	
	EC number: 200-744	F;R11 Repr. Cat. 3; EC number: 200-746-9 Classification (67/54 F;R11 Xi;R41 R67 EC number: 201-185-2 Classification (67/54 F;R11 Xi;R36 R66 F EC number: 201-158-5 EC number: 201-158-5	2119471310-51-0000         Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)         F;R11 Repr. Cat. 3;R63 Xn;R48/20,R65 Xi;R38 R67         EC number: 200-746-9         Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)         F;R11 Xi;R41 R67         EC number: 201-185-2         Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)         F;R11 Xi;R36 R66 R67

IPA CAS number: 67-63-0	EC number: 200-66	1-7	REACH registration number: 01- 2119457558-25-XXXX	5-10%
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336		Classification (67/54 F;R11 Xi;R36 R67	18/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
ETHANOL CAS number: 64-17-5	EC number: 200-57	8-6		5-10%
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		<b>Classification (67/5</b> 4 F;R11	18/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
HEXANE-norm CAS number: 110-54-3	EC number: 203-77	7-6		5-10%
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Repr. 2 - H361f STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		•	<b>48/EEC or 1999/45/EC)</b> R62 Xn;R48/20,R65 Xi;R38 R67	
ETHYLBENZENE CAS number: 100-41-4	EC number: 202-84	9-4		5-10%
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 STOT RE 1 - H372 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		Classification (67/54 F;R11 Xn;R20	18/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
XYLENE CAS number: 1330-20-7	EC number: 215-53	5-7		5-10%
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		<b>Classification (67/5</b> 4 R10 Xn;R20/21 Xi;F	<b>48/EEC or 1999/45/EC)</b> 838	

CYCLOHEXANE				5-10%
CAS number: 110-82-7	EC number: 203-80	06-2		
M factor (Acute) = 1	M factor (Chronic) =	= 1		
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410		<b>Classification (67/5</b> F;R11 Xn;R65 Xi;R	<b>48/EEC or 1999/45/EC)</b> 38 R67 N;R50/53	
HEPTANE				5-10%
CAS number: 142-82-5	EC number: 205-56	3-8		
M factor (Acute) = 1	M factor (Chronic) =	= 1		
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410		<b>Classification (67/5</b> F;R11 Xn;R65 Xi;R	<b>48/EEC or 1999/45/EC)</b> 38 R67 N;R50/53	
BUTYL ACETATE -norm CAS number: 123-86-4	EC number: 204-65	58-1		1-5%
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT SE 3 - H336		Classification (67/5 R10 R66 R67	48/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
PROPYL ACETATE				1-5%
CAS number: 109-60-4	EC number: 203-68	36-1		
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336		Classification (67/5 F;R11 Xi;R36 R66	<b>48/EEC or 1999/45/EC)</b> R67	
ETHYL ACETATE				1-5%
CAS number: 141-78-6	EC number: 205-50	)0-4	REACH registration number: 01- 2119475103-46-XXXX	
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336		Classification (67/5 F;R11 Xi;R36 R66	<b>48/EEC or 1999/45/EC)</b> R67	

ISOBUTYL METHYL KETONE			1-5%
CAS number: 108-10-1	EC number: 203-550-1		
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H335		<b>tion (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)</b> ;R20 Xi;R36/37 R66	
BUTANONE			1-5%
CAS number: 78-93-3	EC number: 201-159-0		
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336		<b>tion (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)</b> R36 R66 R67	
ACETONE			1-5%
CAS number: 67-64-1	EC number: 200-662-2		1070
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336		<b>tion (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)</b> R36 R66 R67	
BUTANOL-norm			1-5%
CAS number: 71-36-3	EC number: 200-751-6	REACH registration number: 01- 2119484630-38-XXXX	
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H335, H336		<b>tion (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)</b> 22 Xi;R37/38,R41 R67	
METHANOL			1-5%
CAS number: 67-56-1	EC number: 200-659-6	REACH registration number: 01- 2119433307-44	
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Acute Tox. 2 - H330 STOT SE 1 - H370		tion (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) R23/24/25,R39/23/24/25	

TETRAHYDROFURAN       CAS number: 109-99-9       EC number: 203-726-8         Classification       Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)         Flam. Liq. 2 - H225       F;R11,R19 Xi;R36/37         Eye Irrit. 2 - H319       STOT SE 3 - H335         The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.         SECTION 4: First aid measures         General information       Remove affected person from source of contamination. Effects may be delayed. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention. CAUTION! First aid personnel must be aware of own risk during rescue! Move affected person to fresh air at once. Keep affected person away from heat, sparks and flames. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Place unconscious person on the side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.         Inhalation       Immediate first aid is imperative. Get medical attention immediately. Move affected person fresh air at once. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. It may be danger
Classification       Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)         Flam. Liq. 2 - H225       F;R11,R19 Xi;R36/37         Eye Irrit. 2 - H319       STOT SE 3 - H335         The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.         SECTION 4: First aid measures         4.1. Description of first aid measures         General information       Remove affected person from source of contamination. Effects may be delayed. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention. CAUTION! First aid personnel must be aware of own risk during rescue! Move affected person to fresh air at once. Keep affected person away from heat, sparks and flames. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Place unconscious person on the side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.         Inhalation       Immediate first aid is imperative. Get medical attention immediately. Move affected person of resh air at once. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225       F;R11,R19 Xi;R36/37         Eye Irrit. 2 - H319       STOT SE 3 - H335         The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.         SECTION 4: First aid measures         4.1. Description of first aid measures         General information       Remove affected person from source of contamination. Effects may be delayed. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention. CAUTION! First aid personnel must be aware of own risk during rescue! Move affected person to fresh air at once. Keep affected person away from heat, sparks and flames. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Place unconscious person on the side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.         Inhalation       Immediate first aid is imperative. Get medical attention immediately. Move affected person fresh air at once. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
SECTION 4: First aid measures         4.1. Description of first aid measures         General information       Remove affected person from source of contamination. Effects may be delayed. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention. CAUTION! First aid personnel must be aware of own risk during rescue! Move affected person to fresh air at once. Keep affected person away from heat, sparks and flames. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Place unconscious person on the side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.         Inhalation       Immediate first aid is imperative. Get medical attention immediately. Move affected person on their side in the recovery position and ensure fresh air at once. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure fresh air at once. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure fresh air at once. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure fresh air at once. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure fresh air at once. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure fresh air at once. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure fresh air at once. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure fresh air at once.
4.1. Description of first aid measures         General information       Remove affected person from source of contamination. Effects may be delayed. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention. CAUTION! First aid personnel must be aware of own risk during rescue! Move affected person to fresh air at once. Keep affected person away from heat, sparks and flames. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Place unconscious person on the side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.         Inhalation       Immediate first aid is imperative. Get medical attention immediately. Move affected person fresh air at once. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure fresh air at once. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure fresh air at once. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure fresh air at once. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure fresh air at once. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure fresh air at once. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure fresh air at once. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure fresh air at once.
General informationRemove affected person from source of contamination. Effects may be delayed. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention. CAUTION! First aid personnel must be aware of own risk during rescue! Move affected person to fresh air at once. Keep affected person away from heat, sparks and flames. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Place unconscious person on the side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.InhalationImmediate first aid is imperative. Get medical attention immediately. Move affected person fresh air at once. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure
affected person under observation. Get medical attention. CAUTION! First aid personnel must be aware of own risk during rescue! Move affected person to fresh air at once. Keep affected person away from heat, sparks and flames. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Place unconscious person on the side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.InhalationImmediate first aid is imperative. Get medical attention immediately. Move affected person fresh air at once. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure
fresh air at once. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ens
for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Show this Safety Data Sh to the medical personnel. Effects may be delayed.
Ingestion Get medical attention immediately. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of wat drink. Give milk instead of water if readily available. Keep affected person under observat Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does enter the lungs. Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Keep affected person away from heat, sparks and flames. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
<b>Skin contact</b> Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Rinse wi water. Use suitable lotion to moisturise skin. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms of after washing.
<b>Eye contact</b> Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wid apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Do not rub eye. Get medical attention if ar discomfort continues.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
<b>General information</b> The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. Effects may be delayed. Keep affected person under observation.
In case of overexposure, organic solvents may depress the central nervous system causin dizziness and intoxication, and at very high concentrations unconsciousness and death. Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Vapours in high concentrat are anaesthetic. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Headache. Fatigue. Dizziness. Central nervous system depression.
Ingestion May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause nau headache, dizziness and intoxication. May cause chemical burns in mouth and throat. Ce nervous system depression. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting the same symptoms as inhalation.
Skin contact Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin.

Eye contact	Irritation, burning, lachrymation, blurred vision after liquid splash.		
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed			
Notes for the doctor	No specific recommendations. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly.		
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sures		
5.1. Extinguishing media			
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.		
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	om the substance or mixture		
Specific hazards	Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel along the floor and accumulate in the bottom of containers. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. The product is highly flammable. Forms explosive mixtures with air. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.		
Hazardous combustion products	Oxides of carbon. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours.		
5.3. Advice for firefighters			
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Keep up-wind to avoid fumes. Risk of re-ignition after fire has been extinguished. Risk of explosion. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Do not allow water to contact any leaked material.		
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Leave danger zone immediately. Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.		
SECTION 6: Accidental releas	e measures		
6.1. Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures		
Personal precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Do not breathe vapour. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. In case of spills, beware of slippery floors and surfaces.		
6.2. Environmental precaution	6.2. Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions	Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.		
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up			
Methods for cleaning up	For waste disposal, see Section 13. Stop leak if possible without risk. Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Provide adequate ventilation. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Cover large spillages with alcohol-resistant foam.		

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

**Reference to other sections** Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. For waste disposal, see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage			
7.1. Precautions for safe handling			
Usage precautions	Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash hands and any other contaminated areas of the body with soap and water before leaving the work site. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Wear suitable protective equipment for prolonged exposure and/or high concentrations of vapours, spray or mist. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product. Pregnant or breastfeeding women should not work with this product if there is any risk of exposure.		
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities			
Storage precautions	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep container tightly closed. Keep containers upright. Keep only in the original container. Avoid contact with oxidising agents. Do not store near heat sources or expose to high temperatures. Store away from the following materials: Oxidising materials.		
Storage class	Flammable liquid storage.		
7.3. Specific end use(s)			
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.		

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

#### TOLUENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 191 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 384 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sk

#### **PROPAN-1-OL**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm(Sk) 500 mg/m3(Sk) Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 250 ppm(Sk) 625 mg/m3(Sk)

#### METHYL ACETATE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm 616 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 250 ppm 770 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### **BUTAN-2-OL**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 308 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 150 ppm 462 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### IPA

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 400 ppm 999 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 500 ppm 1250 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### ETHANOL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1920 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL

#### **HEXANE-norm**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 20 ppm 72 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL

#### ETHYLBENZENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 125 ppm 552 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sk

#### XYLENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sk

#### CYCLOHEXANE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 350 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 300 ppm 1050 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### HEPTANE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm 2085 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### BUTYL ACETATE -norm

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 150 ppm 724 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 200 ppm 966 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### PROPYL ACETATE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm 849 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 250 ppm 1060 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### ETHYL ACETATE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 400 ppm

#### ISOBUTYL METHYL KETONE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 208 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 416 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sk

#### BUTANONE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm  $\,600$  mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 300 ppm  $\,899$  mg/m³ Sk

#### ACETONE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm 1210 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1500 ppm 3620 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### BUTANOL-norm

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 50 ppm  $\,$  154 mg/m³ Sk  $\,$ 

#### METHANOL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm 266 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 250 ppm 333 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sk

#### TETRAHYDROFURAN

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm(Sk) 150 mg/m3(Sk) Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm(Sk) 300 mg/m3(Sk) WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Protective equipment









Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation.
Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. It is recommended that gloves are made of the following material: Nitrile rubber. It should be noted that liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Wear suitable protective clothing as protection against splashing or contamination.
Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station.
Respiratory protection	If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Wear a respirator fitted with the following cartridge: Combination filter, type A2/P3.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear liquid. Liquid.
Colour	Colourless.
Odour	Solvent.
Odour threshold	Scientifically unjustified. Scientifically unjustified.
рН	Scientifically unjustified.
Melting point	Scientifically unjustified.
Initial boiling point and range	60°C @
Flash point	- 7°C
Evaporation rate	Scientifically unjustified.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Scientifically unjustified.
Vapour pressure	Scientifically unjustified.
Vapour density	Scientifically unjustified.
Relative density	0.85 @ 20°C
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble in water.
Partition coefficient	Scientifically unjustified.
Auto-ignition temperature	Scientifically unjustified.
Decomposition Temperature	Scientifically unjustified.

Viscosity	<50 cP @ 20°C		
Oxidising properties	Not determined.		
9.2. Other information			
Other information	None.		
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity			
10.1. Reactivity			
Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.		
10.2. Chemical stability			
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.		
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Not relevant.		
10.4. Conditions to avoid			
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition.		
10.5. Incompatible materials			
Materials to avoid	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.		
10.6. Hazardous decompositio	n products		
Hazardous decomposition	Oxides of carbon. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and		
products	other toxic gases or vapours.		
SECTION 11: Toxicological information			
11.1. Information on toxicologi	cal effects		
11.1. Information on toxicologi Other health effects			
11.1. Information on toxicologi	cal effects		
11.1. Information on toxicologi Other health effects Acute toxicity - oral	cal effects There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.		
11.1. Information on toxicologiOther health effectsAcute toxicity - oralATE oral (mg/kg)Acute toxicity - dermalAcute toxicity dermal (LD50	cal effects There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer. 2,853.88		
11.1. Information on toxicologiOther health effectsAcute toxicity - oralATE oral (mg/kg)Acute toxicity - dermalAcute toxicity dermal (LD₅omg/kg)	cal effects There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer. 2,853.88 1,700.0		
11.1. Information on toxicologiOther health effectsAcute toxicity - oralATE oral (mg/kg)Acute toxicity - dermalAcute toxicity dermal (LD50mg/kg)Species	cal effects There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer. 2,853.88 1,700.0 Rabbit		
11.1. Information on toxicologiOther health effectsAcute toxicity - oralATE oral (mg/kg)Acute toxicity - dermalAcute toxicity dermal (LD50mg/kg)SpeciesNotes (dermal LD50)	cal effects         There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.         2,853.88         1,700.0         Rabbit         Xylene		
11.1. Information on toxicologiOther health effectsAcute toxicity - oralATE oral (mg/kg)Acute toxicity - dermalAcute toxicity dermal (LD50mg/kg)SpeciesNotes (dermal LD50)ATE dermal (mg/kg)	cal effects         There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.         2,853.88         1,700.0         Rabbit         Xylene		
11.1. Information on toxicologi         Other health effects         Acute toxicity - oral         ATE oral (mg/kg)         Acute toxicity - dermal         Acute toxicity dermal (LD50         mg/kg)         Species         Notes (dermal LD50)         ATE dermal (mg/kg)         Acute toxicity - inhalation	cal effects         There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.         2,853.88         1,700.0         Rabbit         Xylene         6,643.85		
11.1. Information on toxicologiOther health effectsAcute toxicity - oralATE oral (mg/kg)Acute toxicity - dermalAcute toxicity dermal (LD50mg/kg)SpeciesNotes (dermal LD50)ATE dermal (mg/kg)Acute toxicity - inhalationATE inhalation (gases ppm)	cal effects         There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.         2,853.88         1,700.0         Rabbit         Xylene         6,643.85         30,779.75		

Reproductive toxicity - development	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Inhalation	Harmful: possible risk of irreversible effects through inhalation. Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Harmful by inhalation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Ingestion	Harmful: possible risk of irreversible effects if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Skin contact	Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful: possible risk of irreversible effects in contact with skin. Irritating to skin.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.
Acute and chronic health hazards	May cause severe internal injury. Prolonged exposure to the preparation may cause serious health effects. Corrosivity to eyes is assumed. Contains a substance/a group of substances which may damage fertility and the unborn child.
Route of entry	Inhalation Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact Skin absorption
Medical symptoms	Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo.
Medical considerations	Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.
SECTION 12: Ecological Infor	mation
Ecotoxicity	The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment.
Ecotoxicity <u>12.1. Toxicity</u>	The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment.
-	The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment. LC₅₀, 96 hours: 13.5 (Xylene) mg/l, Fish
12.1. Toxicity	
<u>12.1. Toxicity</u> Acute toxicity - fish Acute toxicity - aquatic	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 13.5 (Xylene) mg/l, Fish EC₅₀, 48 hours: 3.82 (Xylene) mg/l, Daphnia magna
12.1. Toxicity         Acute toxicity - fish         Acute toxicity - aquatic         invertebrates         12.2. Persistence and degradation	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 13.5 (Xylene) mg/l, Fish EC₅₀, 48 hours: 3.82 (Xylene) mg/l, Daphnia magna
12.1. Toxicity         Acute toxicity - fish         Acute toxicity - aquatic         invertebrates         12.2. Persistence and degradation	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 13.5 (Xylene) mg/l, Fish EC₅₀, 48 hours: 3.82 (Xylene) mg/l, Daphnia magna ability There are no data on the degradability of this product.
12.1. ToxicityAcute toxicity - fishAcute toxicity - aquaticinvertebrates12.2. Persistence and degradaPersistence and degradability	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 13.5 (Xylene) mg/l, Fish EC₅₀, 48 hours: 3.82 (Xylene) mg/l, Daphnia magna ability There are no data on the degradability of this product.
12.1. ToxicityAcute toxicity - fishAcute toxicity - aquaticinvertebrates12.2. Persistence and degradaPersistence and degradability12.3. Bioaccumulative potentia	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 13.5 (Xylene) mg/l, Fish EC₅₀, 48 hours: 3.82 (Xylene) mg/l, Daphnia magna ability There are no data on the degradability of this product. al
12.1. ToxicityAcute toxicity - fishAcute toxicity - aquaticinvertebrates12.2. Persistence and degradaPersistence and degradability12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	LC <sub>50</sub> , 96 hours: 13.5 (Xylene) mg/l, Fish EC <sub>50</sub> , 48 hours: 3.82 (Xylene) mg/l, Daphnia magna <b>ability</b> There are no data on the degradability of this product. <b>al</b> No data available on bioaccumulation.
12.1. ToxicityAcute toxicity - fishAcute toxicity - aquaticinvertebrates12.2. Persistence and degradaPersistence and degradability12.3. Bioaccumulative potentialBioaccumulative potentialPartition coefficient	LC <sub>50</sub> , 96 hours: 13.5 (Xylene) mg/l, Fish EC <sub>50</sub> , 48 hours: 3.82 (Xylene) mg/l, Daphnia magna <b>ability</b> There are no data on the degradability of this product. <b>al</b> No data available on bioaccumulation.
12.1. ToxicityAcute toxicity - fishAcute toxicity - aquaticinvertebrates12.2. Persistence and degradaPersistence and degradability12.3. Bioaccumulative potentialBioaccumulative potentialPartition coefficient12.4. Mobility in soil	LC <sub>50</sub> , 96 hours: 13.5 (Xylene) mg/l, Fish EC <sub>50</sub> , 48 hours: 3.82 (Xylene) mg/l, Daphnia magna <b>ability</b> There are no data on the degradability of this product. <b>a</b> No data available on bioaccumulation. Scientifically unjustified.
12.1. ToxicityAcute toxicity - fishAcute toxicity - aquaticinvertebrates12.2. Persistence and degradability12.3. Bioaccumulative potentialBioaccumulative potentialPartition coefficient12.4. Mobility in soilMobilityAdsorption/desorption	LC <sub>50</sub> , 96 hours: 13.5 (Xylene) mg/l, Fish EC <sub>50</sub> , 48 hours: 3.82 (Xylene) mg/l, Daphnia magna <b>ability</b> There are no data on the degradability of this product. <b>al</b> No data available on bioaccumulation. Scientifically unjustified. The product is insoluble in water. Not available.
12.1. ToxicityAcute toxicity - fishAcute toxicity - aquaticinvertebrates12.2. Persistence and degradability12.3. Bioaccumulative potentialBioaccumulative potentialPartition coefficient12.4. Mobility in soilMobilityAdsorption/desorptioncoefficient	LC <sub>50</sub> , 96 hours: 13.5 (Xylene) mg/l, Fish EC <sub>50</sub> , 48 hours: 3.82 (Xylene) mg/l, Daphnia magna <b>ability</b> There are no data on the degradability of this product. <b>al</b> No data available on bioaccumulation. Scientifically unjustified. The product is insoluble in water. Not available.

#### Other adverse effects Not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information	Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty.
Disposal methods	Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. No specific disposal method required.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number				
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1263			
UN No. (IMDG)	1263			
UN No. (ICAO)	1263			
UN No. (ADN)	1263			
14.2. UN proper shipping name				
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	PAINT			
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	PAINT (CONTAINS HEPTANE, HEXANE-norm)			
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	PAINT			
Proper shipping name (ADN)	PAINT			
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)				
ADR/RID class	3			
ADR/RID classification code	F1			
ADR/RID label	3			
IMDG class	3			
ICAO class/division	3			
ADN class	3			
Transport labels				



14.4. Packing group	
ADR/RID packing group	II
IMDG packing group	II
ADN packing group	II
ICAO packing group	II
14.5. Environmental hazards	

#### Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-E, S-E

ADR transport category 2

Emergency Action Code •3YE

Hazard Identification Number 33 (ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

#### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislationRegulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of<br/>Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

# SECTION 16: Other information Revision comments NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision. Revision date 12/04/2016 Revision 30

Supersedes date	19/01/2015
SDS status	Approved.

<b>Biok phrones in full</b> D10 Floremoble	
Risk phrases in full R10 Flammable.	
R11 Highly flammable. R19 May form explosive peroxide	2
R20 Harmful by inhalation.	5.
R20/21 Harmful by inhalation and	in contact with skin
-	in contact with skin and if swallowed.
R22 Harmful if swallowed.	in contact with skin and it swallowed.
	contact with skin and if swallowed.
R36 Irritating to eyes.	
R36/37 Irritating to eyes and resp	iratory system
R36/38 Irritating to eyes and skin	
R37/38 Irritating to eyes and skin	
R38 Irritating to skin.	
-	ry serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact
with skin and if swallowed.	
R41 Risk of serious damage to ex	
	s damage to health by prolonged exposure through
inhalation.	s damage to health by profonged expectate through
	nisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic
environment.	
	s, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic
environment.	
R62 Possible risk of impaired fert	lity
R63 Possible risk of harm to the u	-
R65 Harmful: may cause lung da	
R66 Repeated exposure may cau	-
R67 Vapours may cause drowsin	
Hazard statements in full H225 Highly flammable liquid and	-
H226 Flammable liquid and vapo	Jr.
H301 Toxic if swallowed.	
H302 Harmful if swallowed.	al autom alla and
H304 May be fatal if swallowed a	id enters airways.
H311 Toxic in contact with skin. H312 Harmful in contact with skin	
H315 Causes skin irritation.	
H318 Causes serious eye damag H319 Causes serious eye irritatio	
H330 Fatal if inhaled.	
H332 Harmful if inhaled.	
H335 May cause respiratory irrita	tion
H336 May cause drowsiness or d	
H361d Suspected of damaging th	
H361f Suspected of damaging fe	
	ertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H370 Causes damage to organs	
	through prolonged or repeated exposure.
	ns through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.	
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life wit	h long lasting effects.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with lor	