

SAFETY DATA SHEET

324/F158 - RED OXIDE METAL PRIMER

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking			
1.1. Product identifier			
Product name	324/F158 - RED OXIDE METAL PRIMER		
Product number	324/F158/65		
UFI	UFI: VV4P-42AT-E00U-8DA6		
1.2. Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses ad	dvised against	
Identified uses	Paint.	Paint.	
Uses advised against	No specific uses advised against are	identified.	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the supplication of the suppli	the safety data sheet		
Supplier	COO-VAR Lockwood Street Hull HU2 0HN UK +441482328053 (T) +441482219266 (F) info@coo-var.co.uk	TEAL & MACKRILL EU B.V. Queens Towers Deflandlaan 1 1062 EA Amsterdam The Netherlands +31 (0)208 004828 (T) +441482219266 (F) info@coo-var.co.uk	
Contact person	Technical Department -, 08.30 - 16.30 hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri, email: info@teamac.co.uk		
Manufacturer	TEAL & MACKRILL LIMITED LOCKWOOD STREET HULL HU2 0HN +44(0)1482 320194(T) +44(0)1482 219266(F) info@teamac.co.uk		
1.4. Emergency telephone number			
Emergency telephone	+44 (0) 1482 328053 Coo-Var (08.30 - 16.30 hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri)		
SDS No.	10586		
SECTION 2: Hazards identification			
2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture Classification (EC 1272/2008)			
Physical hazards	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226		
Health hazards	STOT SE 3 - H336		
Environmental hazards	Not Classified		

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statements	 P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102 Keep out of reach of children. P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
Supplemental label information	EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Contains	HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS
Supplementary precautionary statements	P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

2.3. Other hazards

E.

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients		
3.2. Mixtures		
Calcium Carbonate		30-60%
CAS number: 1317-65-3	EC number: 215-279-6	
Classification Not Classified	Classificatio	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)
HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <	2% AROMATICS	10-30%
CAS number: —	EC number: 919-857-5	REACH registration number: 01- 2119463258-33-XXXX
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226		
STOT SE 3 - H336		
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		
Red Iron Oxide		1-5%
CAS number: 1309-37-1		
Classification	Classificatio	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)
Not Classified	<u>-</u>	. ,

Barium Sulphate			1-5%
CAS number: 7727-43-7	EC number: 231-784-4	REACH registration number: 01- 2119491274-35-0001	
Classification Not Classified	Classificatio	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes aromatics	, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2%		<1%
CAS number: —	EC number: 918-481-9	REACH registration number: 01- 2119457273-39-XXXX	
Classification Asp. Tox. 1 - H304			
2-METHYLPENTANE-2,4-DIOL			<1%
CAS number: 107-41-5	EC number: 203-489-0		
Classification Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319			
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether			<1%
CAS number: 34590-94-8	EC number: 252-104-2	REACH registration number: 01- 2119450011-60-XXXX	
Classification Not Classified	Classificatio	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol			<1%
CAS number: 128-37-0	EC number: 204-881-4	REACH registration number: 01- 2119565113-46-xxxx	
M factor (Acute) = 1			
Classification Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410			
The Full Text for all R-Phrases and I	Hazard Statements are Displayed in Se	ection 16.	
Composition comments The	product contains organic solvents.		
SECTION 4: First aid measures			

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.	
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.	
Skin contact	Rinse with water.	
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.	
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.	
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed	
General information	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.	
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system. During application and drying, solvent vapours will be emitted. Vapours in high concentrations are narcotic.	
Ingestion	Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.	
Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin. Discoloration of the skin.	
Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.	
4.3. Indication of any immedia	te medical attention and special treatment needed	
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.	
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sures	
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire- extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.	
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture		
Specific hazards	FLAMMABLE. Solvent vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.	
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.	
5.3. Advice for firefighters		

Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak.	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.	
SECTION 6: Accidental release measures		

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

 Personal precautions
 No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning upWear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills
immediately and dispose of waste safely. Small Spillages: Collect spillage. Large Spillages:
Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. The contaminated absorbent may
pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal
containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated
materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty
of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

Storage precautionsStore away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep only in the original container.
Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect
containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the
event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.

Storage class	Flammable liquid storage. The storage and use of this product is subject to the Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR). The requirements are given in the HSE Approved Code of Practice and Guidance, Storage of Dangerous Substances: DSEAR. Up to 250 litres of liquids with a flashpoint above 32C but below 55C may be kept in a workroom provided they are kept in closed containers in a marked, fire-resisting cupboard or bin. Larger quantities must be kept in a separate , marked storeroom conforming to the structural requirements contained in the HSE guidance note Storage of Flammable Liquids in Containers.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.
Usage description	Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Calcium Carbonate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust

Red Iron Oxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 10 mg/m³ as Fe

Barium Sulphate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 4 mg/m³ respirable dust

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 mg/m³

2-METHYLPENTANE-2,4-DIOL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 25 ppm 123 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 25 ppm 123 mg/m³

Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 308 mg/m³ Sk

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin.

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

DNEL

Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1500 mg/m³ Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 900 mg/m³ Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day

PNEC	No PNEC available. Substance is a hydrocarbon UVCB. Standard tests for this endpoint are intended for single substances and are not appropriate for the risk assessment of this complex substance.
Hyd	rocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics
Ingredient comments	WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits
	Calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate) (CAS: 136-51-6)
DNEL	Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 5.67 mg/kg Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 39.98 mg/m ³ General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 2.83 mg/kg General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 2.83 mg/kg General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 9.86 mg/m ³
PNEC	STP; 71.7 mg/l Soil; 1.06 mg/kg Intermittent release; 0.493 mg/l Fresh water; 0.36 mg/l marine water; 0.036 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 6.37 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 0.637 mg/kg Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether (CAS: 34590-94-8)
DNEL	Industry - Dermal; Long term : 65 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Long term : 310 mg/m ³ Consumer - Dermal; Long term : 15 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term : 37.2 mg/m ³ Consumer - Oral; Long term : 1.67 mg/kg/day
PNEC	Fresh water; 19 mg/l marine water; 1.9 mg/l STP; 4168 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 70.2 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 7.02 mg/kg Soil; 2.74 mg/kg Intermittent release; 19 mg/l 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol (CAS: 128-37-0)
	<u></u>
DNEL	Industry - Dermal; : 0.5 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; : 3.5 mg/kg/day
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.000199 mg/l - marine water; 0.0000199 mg/l - Sediment; 0.0996 mg/l - Soil; 0.04769 mg/l
sure controls	

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Good general ventilation should be adequate to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.
Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.
Hand protection	To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standards EN388 and 374. As a general principle, exposure should be managed by means other than the provision of protective gloves. Manufacturers' performance data suggest that the optimum glove for use should be: Wear protective gloves made of the following material: Nitrile rubber. Thickness: ≥ 0.31 mm Permeation breakthrough time according to EN374 - class: (1-6) e.g. minimum 480 mins. Caution: The performance of gloves under actual working conditions can be significantly affected by many factors and the information provided according to EN374 may not accord with what is achieved in practice. We recommend that expert professional advice is sought that takes into account of the work processes and working environment applicable for each task where gloves are to be worn.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.
Hygiene measures	Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Respiratory protection	Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN136. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140. Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. Wear a respirator fitted with the following cartridge: Gas filter, type A2.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Appearance Viscous liquid. Coloured liquid		
Colour	Red.	
Odour	Organic solvents.	
Odour threshold	Not determined.	
рН	Technically not feasible.	
Melting point	Not determined.	

Initial boiling point and range	Not determined.	
Flash point	38 approx.°C Closed cup.	
Evaporation rate	Not determined.	
Evaporation factor	Not determined.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: 0.8	
Other flammability	Not determined.	
Vapour pressure	Not determined.	
Vapour density	heavier than air	
Relative density	1.55 approx. @ @ 20°C	
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble in water	
Partition coefficient	No information available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not determined.	
Decomposition Temperature	Not determined.	
Viscosity	4.5 (Rotothinner) P @ 25°C	
Explosive properties	Not determined.	
Explosive under the influence of a flame	Not considered to be explosive.	
Oxidising properties	Not determined.	
9.2. Other information		
Volatile organic compound	This product contains a maximum VOC content of <500 g/litre.	
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	ctivity	
10.1. Reactivity		
Reactivity	See the other subsections of this section for further details.	
10.2. Chemical stability		
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidising agents.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	Oxidising materials. Acids - oxidising.	
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products		

Hazardous decomposition
productsDoes not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or
combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information 11.1. Information on toxicological effects		
Carcinogenicity		
IARC carcinogenicity	None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.	
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system. During application and drying, solvent vapours will be emitted. In high concentrations, vapours are narcotic and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.	
Ingestion	Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Nausea, vomiting. Diarrhoea.	
Skin contact	The product contains organic solvents. May be absorbed through the skin. Acts as a defatting agent on skin. May cause cracking of skin, and eczema.	
Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.	
Medical considerations	Skin disorders and allergies. Avoid vomiting and stomach flushing because of the risk of aspiration.	

Toxicological information on ingredients.

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	5,100.0
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	5,100.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	5,100.0
Species	Rabbit
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	5,100.0
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC ₅₀ vapours mg/l)	5,100.0
Species	Rat
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	5,100.0
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not irritating.
Serious eye damage/irritatio	on

Serious eye damage/irritation	Not irritating.
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	Not sensitising.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Not sensitising.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Chromosome aberration: Negative. This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Fertility: - , Inhalation, Rat This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Developmental toxicity: - : , Inhalation, Rat This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.
	toxicity to reproduction.
development	toxicity to reproduction. ty - repeated exposure
development Specific target organ toxicit	toxicity to reproduction. ty - repeated exposure
development Specific target organ toxicit STOT - repeated exposure	toxicity to reproduction. ty - repeated exposure
development Specific target organ toxicit STOT - repeated exposure Aspiration hazard	toxicity to reproduction. ty - repeated exposure Not available.
development Specific target organ toxicit STOT - repeated exposure Aspiration hazard	toxicity to reproduction. ty - repeated exposure Not available.
development Specific target organ toxicit STOT - repeated exposure Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard	toxicity to reproduction. ty - repeated exposure Not available. Kinematic viscosity <= 20.5 mm2/s.
development Specific target organ toxicit STOT - repeated exposure Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard Inhalation	toxicity to reproduction. ty - repeated exposure Not available. Kinematic viscosity <= 20.5 mm2/s. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Central nervous system depression.
development <u>Specific target organ toxicit</u> STOT - repeated exposure <u>Aspiration hazard</u> Aspiration hazard Inhalation Ingestion	toxicity to reproduction. ty - repeated exposure Not available. Kinematic viscosity <= 20.5 mm2/s. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Central nervous system depression. Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure if swallowed.
development <u>Specific target organ toxicit</u> STOT - repeated exposure <u>Aspiration hazard</u> Aspiration hazard Inhalation Ingestion Skin contact	toxicity to reproduction. ty - repeated exposure Not available. Kinematic viscosity <= 20.5 mm2/s. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Central nervous system depression. Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure if swallowed. Product has a defatting effect on skin. May cause allergic contact eczema.

Ecotoxicity

There is no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the EC 1272/2008 regulation and classified for toxicological hazards accordingly.

12.1. Toxicity

Ecological information on ingredients.

Acute aquatic toxicity

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

Acute toxicity - fish	LC50, > 96 hours: 1000 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) Substance did not cause acute toxicity to fish
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	Substance did not cause acute toxicity to the freshwater invertebrates EC ₅₀ , 48 hours: >1000 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute tox plants	icity - aquatic	EC₅₀, > 72 hours: 1000 mg/l, Freshwater algae Substance did not cause acute toxicity to the freshwater green algae
Acute tox microorga	-	EC₅₀, >: 100 mg/l, Activated sludge
Chronic a	quatic toxicity	
Chronic to life stage		NOEC, 28 days: 0.131 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
Chronic to invertebra	oxicity - aquatic ates	NOEC, 28 days: 0.23 mg/l, Daphnia magna
12.2. Persistence and	degradability	
Persistence and degra	dability There ar	e no data on the degradability of this product.
Ecological information	on ingredients.	
		HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS
Persisten degradab		The product is readily biodegradable.
Phototrar	nsformation	Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air
Biodegrae	dation	- 80 Degradation (%): 28 days Test - 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respiratory Test
12.3. Bioaccumulative	potential	
Bioaccumulative poten	itial No data	available on bioaccumulation.
Partition coefficient	No infor	mation available.
Ecological information	on ingredients.	
		HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS
Bioaccum	nulative potential	The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances.
Partition	coefficient	log Pow: 5 - 6.7
12.4. Mobility in soil		
Mobility	Volatile surfaces	iquid. The product contains organic solvents which will evaporate easily from all
Ecological information	on ingredients.	
		HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS
Mobility		The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. Readily absorbed into soil.
Adsorptio coefficien	n/desorption It	Not available.
Surface to	ension	24.5 mN/m @ 20°C
12.5. Results of PBT a	nd vPvB assessm	nent
Results of PBT and vP	VB This pro	duct does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

Results of PBT and vPvB This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.		
HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS		
Results of PBT a assessment	nd vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.	
12.6. Other adverse effects		
Other adverse effects	None known.	
Ecological information on ingr	edients.	
	HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS	
Other adverse effective	fects Not known.	
SECTION 13: Disposal consid	lerations	
13.1. Waste treatment method	ls	
General information	The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.	
Disposal methods	Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Waste packaging should be collected for reuse or recycling. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.	
Waste class	When this coating, in its liquid state, as supplied, becomes a waste, it is categorised as hazardous waste, with code 08 01 11* (SOLVENT BASED LIQUID WASTE). Part-used containers, not drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dried residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as hazardous waste, with code 08 01 11* (SOLVENT BASED LIQUID WASTE). If mixed with other wastes, the above waste code may not be applicable. Used containers, drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dry residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as non-hazardous waste, with code 15 01 02 (plastic packaging) or 15 01 04 (metal packaging).	
SECTION 14: Transport inform	nation	
General	For limited quantity packaging/limited load information, consult the relevant modal documentation using the data shown in this section.	
14.1. UN number		
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1263	
UN No. (IMDG)	1263	
UN No. (ICAO)	1263	
14.2. UN proper shipping nam	e	
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	PAINT, Contains Low Aromatic White Spirit, Class 3, PG III, (38 °C c.c.)	

Proper	shipping	name	(IMDG)	PAINT
i iopoi	ompping	number ((

Proper	shipping	name	(ICAO)) PAINT
1.10001	o npp ng	name		,

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 3

IMDG class

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group	
ADR/RID packing group	III
IMDG packing group	Ш
ICAO packing group	Ш

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

3

14.6. Special precautions for user

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

EmS F-E, S-E

Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislationRegulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18
December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of
Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).
Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.
Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16
December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as
amended).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

Inventories

EU - EINECS/ELINCS

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	 ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways. RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air. IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate. LCso: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population. LDso: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose). ECso: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) Asp. Tox. = Aspiration hazard Flam. Liq. = Flammable liquid STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure
Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008	STOT SE 3 - H336, STOT RE 1 - H372: Calculation method. Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412: Calculation method. Flam. Liq. 3 - H226: Expert judgement.
Training advice	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision comments	Issued in new format for Reach compliance in accordance with EC 1272/2008 Issued in accordance with Annex II to REACH, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830 Revisions to Sections (2),(3),(8),(15), and (16) - re-classification of resin components. Unique Formula Identifier (UFI) added Change to EU supplier and manufacturer
Issued by	Technical Dept. (N.O.)
Revision date	17/11/2021
Revision	9.0
Supersedes date	06/01/2021
SDS number	10586
SDS status	Approved.

Hazard statements in full	H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
	H302 Harmful if swallowed.
	H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
	H315 Causes skin irritation.
	H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H318 Causes serious eye damage.
	H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
	H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
	H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
	H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
	H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Signature	Initials

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.