

PAINTS, PRIMERS AND SPECIALISED COATINGS

SAFETY DATA SHEET

368/Q253 - SOLAR REFLECTIVE PAINT - ALUMINIUM

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name 368/Q253 - SOLAR REFLECTIVE PAINT - ALUMINIUM

Product number 368/Q253/3

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Paint.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier COO-VAR

Lockwood Street

Hull HU2 0HN

+44 (0) 1482 328053(T) +44 (0) 1482 219266(F) info@coo-var.co.uk

Contact person Technical Department -, 08.30 - 16.30 hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri, as above

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44 (0) 1482 328053 Coo-Var (08.30 - 16.30 hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri)

SDS No. 10760

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Flam. Liq. 3 - H226

Health hazards STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 1 - H372

Environmental hazards Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram









Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water or shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplemental label

information

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Contains Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, 2-25% Aromatics, HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Supplementary precautionary

statements

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, 2-25% Aromatics

30 - 40%

CAS number: 64742-82-1 EC number: 919-446-0 REACH registration number: 01-

2119458049-33-XXXX

Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226

STOT SE 3 - H336

STOT RE 1 - H372

Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

Bitumen 20 - 30%

CAS number: 64742-93-4

Classification Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Not Classified -

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HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

1 - 10%

CAS number: — EC number: 918-668-5

REACH registration number: 01-2119455851-35-xxxx

Classification

Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xn;R65. Xi;R37. N;R51/53. R10,R66,R67.

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT SE 3 - H335, H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

Ingredient notes This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and

keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and

ensure breathing can take place.

Ingestion DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately. Move affected person to fresh

air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Skin contact Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove contaminated clothing

immediately and wash skin with soap and water.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15

minutes and get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor No specific recommendations.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Do not use water jet as an

extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Toxic gases or vapours. FLAMMABLE. Solvent vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Risk of re-ignition after fire has been extinguished. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or

watercourses

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Ensure suitable respiratory protection is worn during removal of spillages in confined areas.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. For waste disposal, see Section

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. The Manual Handling Operations Regulations may apply to the handling of containers of this product. To assist employers, the following method of calculating the weight for any pack size is given. Take the pack size volume in litres and multiply this figure by the specific gravity value given in section 9. This will give the net weight of the coating in kilograms. Allowance will then have to be made for the immediate packaging to give an approximate gross weight.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions

Store in closed original container at temperatures between 5°C and 25°C. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep container tightly closed. Keep containers upright. Store away from the following materials: Oxidising materials. Alkalis. Acids.

Storage class

Flammable liquid storage. The storage and use of this product is subject to the Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR). The requirements are given in the HSE Approved Code of Practice and Guidance, Storage of Dangerous Substances: DSEAR. Up to 250 litres of liquids with a flashpoint above 32C but below 55C may be kept in a workroom provided they are kept in closed containers in a marked, fire-resisting cupboard or bin. Larger quantities must be kept in a separate , marked storeroom conforming to the structural requirements contained in the HSE guidance note Storage of Flammable Liquids in Containers.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

Usage description

Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, 2-25% Aromatics

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 350 mg/m³

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 19 ppm 100 mg/m³ vapour

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, 2-25% Aromatics (CAS: 64742-82-1)

DNEL Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 26 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 26 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 71 mg/m³ Consumer - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 570 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 570 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 330 mg/m³ Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 44 mg/kg/day

PNEC No PNEC available. Substance is a hydrocarbon UVCB. Standard tests for this

endpoint are intended for single substances and are not appropriate for the risk

assessment of this complex substance.

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

DNEL Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 11 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 11 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 32 mg/m³ Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 25 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 150 mg/m³

PNEC No PNEC available. Substance is a hydrocarbon UVCB. Standard tests for this

endpoint are intended for single substances and are not appropriate for the risk

assessment of this complex substance.

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment





Appropriate engineering

controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

Eye/face protection Wear chemical splash goggles.

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Hand protection To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standards EN388 and

> 374. As a general principle, exposure should be managed by means other than the provision of protective gloves. Manufacturer's performance data suggest that the optimum glove for use should be: Wear protective gloves made of the following material: Nitrile rubber. Thickness: ≥ 0.31 mm Permeation breakthrough time according to EN374 - class: (1-6) e.g. minimum 480 mins. Caution: The performance of gloves under actual working conditions can be significantly affected by many factors and the information provided according to EN374 may not accord with what is achieved in practice. We recommend that expert professional advice is sought that takes into account of the work processes and working environment applicable for each

task where gloves are to be worn.

Other skin and body

protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent reasonably probable skin contact.

Hygiene measures No specific hygiene procedures recommended but good personal hygiene practices should

always be observed when working with chemical products.

Respiratory protection Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended

occupational exposure limit. In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable respirator. It is

recommended to use respiratory equipment with combination filter, type A2/P2.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Metallic Slightly viscous liquid.

Colour Silver. / bronze

Odour Characteristic. Organic solvents.

> 153°C

Not determined.

Not determined.

pН Not applicable.

Melting point Not relevant.

> 39°C Flash point

Initial boiling point and range

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Vapour density

Relative density

Evaporation rate

Upper flammable/explosive limit: 8% Lower flammable/explosive limit: 0.7%

Vapour pressure Not determined.

1 - 1.1 @ @ 20 C°C

Solubility(ies) Insoluble in water.

Partition coefficient Not determined.

Auto-ignition temperature > 200°C

Viscosity >30 seconds 3mm ISO cup method ISO 2431 s @ °C

Oxidising properties Not determined.

9.2. Other information

Volatile organic compound This product contains a maximum VOC content of < 470 g/litre.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

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Reactivity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Not determined.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with the following materials:

Acids. Oxidising agents.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong alkalis. Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Oxides of carbon. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and

other toxic gases or vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological effects When bitumen is mixed with diluent, it is believed that the preparation becomes more bio-

available. The carcinogenicity of the preparation is strongly dependant on the nature of the

solvent used since the polycyclic aromatic content of the bitumen is low.

Inhalation Vapour from this product may be hazardous by inhalation. Vapour may irritate respiratory

system/lungs.

Ingestion Liquid irritates mucous membranes and may cause abdominal pain if swallowed.

Skin contact Product has a defatting effect on skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or

cracking. May cause allergic contact eczema. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause

severe irritation.

Eye contact May cause temporary eye irritation.

Acute and chronic health

hazards

This product has low toxicity. Only large quantities are likely to have adverse effects on

human health.

Route of exposure Inhalation Skin absorption. Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact.

Medical considerations Skin disorders and allergies. Avoid vomiting and stomach flushing because of the risk of

aspiration.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, 2-25% Aromatics

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

15,000.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Conclusive data but not sufficient for classification.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 3,400.0

mg/kg)

Species Rabbit

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Conclusive data but not sufficient for classification.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Erythema/eschar score: Very slight erythema - barely perceptible (1). Oedema

score: Very slight oedema - barely perceptible (1). Not irritating.

Extreme pH Not irritating. Not corrosive to skin.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

Not irritating.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation There is evidence that the material can lead to respiratory hypersensitivity.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. Buehler test -

Guinea pig: Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroBacterial reverse mutation test: Negative.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Chromosome aberration: Negative.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity NOAEL 300 mg/kg, Oral, Rat There is no evidence that the product can cause

cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

development

One-generation study - NOAEL >3000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat P This substance has

no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.

Reproductive toxicity -

Developmental toxicity: - NOAEC: >300 ppm, Inhalation, Rat Read-across data.

This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Central nervous system depression including narcotic effects such as drowsiness,

narcosis, reduced alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination and vertigo.

Target organs Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 1056 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Kinematic viscosity <= 20.5 mm2/s.

Inhalation Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Ingestion Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or

vomiting.

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Skin contact May cause defatting of the skin, but is not an irritant. Not a skin sensitiser.

Eye contact No specific health hazards known.

Route of exposure Skin and/or eye contact. Inhalation

Target organs Central nervous system

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

mg/kg)

3,492.0

Species Rat

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Notes (oral LD₅₀)

ATE oral (mg/kg) 3,492.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 3,160.0

mg/kg)

Species Rabbit

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 3,160.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)

6,193.0

Species Rat

Notes (inhalation LC50) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

6,193.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

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IARC carcinogenicityNone of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3 - H335, H336 May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness

or dizziness.

Target organs Respiratory system, lungs Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Pneumonia may

be the result if vomited material containing solvents reaches the lungs.

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration

and the length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation of nose, throat

and airway. Difficulty in breathing. Coughing. Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Central nervous system depression. During application and drying, solvent vapours will be emitted. Vapours in high

concentrations are narcotic.

Ingestion Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach

contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause

chemical pneumonitis.

Skin contact Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Discoloration of the skin.

Eye contact May cause temporary eye irritation.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target organs Central nervous system Respiratory system, lungs

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product contains substances which are toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause

long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, 2-25% Aromatics

Ecotoxicity Dangerous for the environment if discharged into watercourses.

12.1. Toxicity

Ecological information on ingredients.

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Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, 2-25% Aromatics

Toxicity Dangerous for the environment if discharged into watercourses Toxic to aquatic

organisms

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 10 - 30 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅₀, 48 hours: 10 - 22 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

IC₅₀, 72 hours: 4.6 - 10 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

Acute toxicity -

microorganisms

EC₅₀, 48 hours: 43.98 mg/l, Activated sludge

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - fish early NOEC, 28 days: 0.13 mg/l, Freshwater fish

life stage

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

NOEC, < 21 days: 0.28 mg/l, Daphnia magna

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Toxicity Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 9.2 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅₀, 48 hours: 3.2 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity -EC₅₀, 48 hours: 2.9 mg/l,

microorganisms

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The product is expected to be slowly biodegradable.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, 2-25% Aromatics

Persistence and

degradability

The product is readily biodegradable.

Phototransformation Scientifically unjustified.

Stability (hydrolysis) Scientifically unjustified.

Biodegradation - Degradation 75: 28 days

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Persistence and

degradability

The degradability of the product is not known.

- 78%: 28 days Biodegradation

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12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation. The slow rates of biodegradation of bitumen can cause

interference with the normal functioning of ecological cycles. Bitumen should therefore be

contained and spills avoided.

Partition coefficient Not determined.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, 2-25% Aromatics

Bioaccumulative potential Substance is a hydrocarbon UVCB. Standard tests for this endpoint are intended

for single substances and are not appropriate for this complex substance.

Partition coefficient Technically not feasible.

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all Mobility

surfaces.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, 2-25% Aromatics

Adsorption/desorption

coefficient

Scientifically unjustified.

Volatilisation is dependent on Henry's Law constant (HLC) which is not applicable Henry's law constant

to complex substances.

Surface tension 24 - 27 mN/m @ 25°C

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Mobility No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, 2-25% Aromatics

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

12.6. Other adverse effects

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Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which have a photochemical ozone

creation potential.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, 2-25% Aromatics

Other adverse effects This substance may contribute to ozone formation in the near surface atmosphere.

However, the photochemical formation of ozone depends on a complex interaction of other atmospheric pollutant sources and environmental conditions. Therefore, the contribution of this substance to ozone formation is outside the scope of this substance assessment and is more appropriately addressed via EU air quality

directives.

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.

Disposal methods Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the

local Waste Disposal Authority.

Waste class When this coating, in its liquid state, as supplied, becomes a waste, it is categorised as

hazardous waste, with code 08 01 11* (SOLVENT BASED LIQUID WASTE). Part-used containers, not drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dried residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as hazardous waste, with code 08 01 11* (SOLVENT BASED LIQUID WASTE). If mixed with other wastes, the above waste code may not be applicable. Used containers, drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dry residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as non-hazardous waste, with code 15 01 02

(plastic packaging) or 15 01 04 (metal packaging).

SECTION 14: Transport information

General This product is packed in accordance with the Limited Quantity Provisions of CDGCPL2, ADR

and IMDG.

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1263

UN No. (IMDG) 1263

UN No. (ICAO) 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

PAINT

(ADR/RID)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) PAINT

Proper shipping name (ICAO) PAINT

Proper shipping name (ADN) PAINT

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 1263

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IMDG class 3

ICAO class/division 3

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group III

IMDG packing group III

ICAO packing group III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-E, S-E

Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009

No. 716).

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18

December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended)

Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

Guidance Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

CHIP for everyone HSG228.

Safety Data Sheets for Substances and Preparations.

Approved Classification and Labelling Guide (Sixth edition) L131.

Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002 [L138]

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

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Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

PBT: Persistent. Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation

(EC) No 1907/2006.

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Rail.

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative. EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

Classification abbreviations and acronyms

Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute)

Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)

Asp. Tox. = Aspiration hazard Carc. = Carcinogenicity

Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage

Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation Flam. Liq. = Flammable liquid

Lact. = Reproductive toxicity: effects on or via lactation

Muta. = Germ cell mutagenicity Repr. = Reproductive toxicity

Resp. Sens. = Respiratory sensitisation

Skin Corr. = Skin corrosion Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation Skin Sens. = Skin sensitisation

STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure

Revision comments

Issued in new format for Reach compliance in accordance with EC 1272/2008 Issued in accordance with Annex II to REACH, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) No.

2015/830 Revision to sections 2, 8, 11 & 12 for reclassification of solvents.

Issued by Technical Dept. (P.E.)

Revision date 03/05/2019

Revision 9.0

Supersedes date 07/07/2017

SDS number 10760

SDS status Approved.

Hazard statements in full H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Signature Initials_____

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.