# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Patent Knotting

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

- **1.1 Product identifier**
- Product name

UFI

: Patent Knotting

: Sealants

Product description Product type

: Liquid.

: N3XA-UJE9-4NJ8-V3ME

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	
Consumer use Professional use Industrial use	

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

RUST-OLEUM EUROPE Martin Mathys NV, Kolenbergstraat 23, B-3545 Zelem, Belgium Telephone no.: +32 (0) 13 460 200 Fax no.: +32 (0) 13 460 201

Tor Coatings Limited Unit 21, White Rose Way, Follingsby Park, Gateshead, Tyne & Wear, NE10 8YX United Kingdom Telephone no.: +44 (0) 191 4106611 Fax no.: +44 (0) 191 4920125 enquiries@tor-coatings.com

e-mail address of person : rpmeurohas@rustoleum.eu responsible for this SDS

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison CentreSupplierTelephone number: +44 870 8200418 / +44 2038073798Hours of operation: 24 / 7

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 2, H225

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

<b>SECTION 2: Hazards</b>	identification
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#### Hazard pictograms



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Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	<ul> <li>P103 - Read carefully and follow all instructions.</li> <li>P102 - Keep out of reach of children.</li> <li>P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.</li> </ul>
Prevention	1	P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Response	:	P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
Storage	:	P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	:	Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements : Detergents - Regulation (EC) No 907/2006	-	Not applicable.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	nen	<u>its</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	-	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	:	Yes, applicable.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures

: Mixture

**United Kingdom: Great Britain** 

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
ethanol	REACH #: 01-2119457610-43 EC: 200-578-6 CAS: 64-17-5 Index: 603-002-00-5	≥50 - ≤75	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	[2]
butanone	REACH #: 01-2119457290-43 EC: 201-159-0 CAS: 78-93-3 Index: 606-002-00-3	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
Isopropyl alcohol	REACH #: 01-2119457558-25 EC: 200-661-7 CAS: 67-63-0 Index: 603-117-00-0	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

#### SCL (Specific Concentration Limits)

Not applicable.	Not applicable.
ATE (acute toxicity estimates) Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Nanoform Particle characteristics This product does not contains nanomaterials.	Particle Size Not applicable.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the	1	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion
substance or mixture		hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may
		burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air
		and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined
		areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

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SECTION 5: Firefight	ing measures
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
Additional information	: No unusual hazard if involved in a fire.
<b>SECTION 6: Acciden</b>	tal release measures
6.1 Personal precautions, pro	otective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	<ul> <li>No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.</li> </ul>
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.sections: See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

#### Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions

: Not available.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits United Kingdom: Great Britain

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
ethanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	TWA: 1920 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
butanone	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 899 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
Isopropyl alcohol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	STEL: 1250 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 999 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Isopropyl alcohol	DNEL	Short term Dermal	888 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	319 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	89 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	26 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic

**PNECs** 

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
Isopropyl alcohol	Fresh water Marine	140,9 mg/l 140,9 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment Marine water sediment	552 mg/kg 552 mg/kg	-
	Soil	28 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	2251 mg/l	-

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Appropriate engineering : controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measure	<u>s</u>
Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Use eye protection according to EN 166. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

#### **Skin protection**

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): > 8 hours (breakthrough time): gloves : nitrile rubber (0.5mm)
	The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source: EN374. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. Recommended: Wear overalls or long sleeved shirt. (EN 1149-1)
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	<ul> <li>Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapour filter (Type A) (EN 140)</li> </ul>

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Environmental exposure	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to
controls	ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.
	In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process
	equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	iquid.	
Colour	rown. [Light]	
Odour	lcohol-like.	
Odour threshold	ot available.	
Melting point/freezing point	ot available.	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	ot available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	lammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open parks and static discharge, heat and shocks and mechanical impacts.	flames,
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	ower: 3,5% pper: 19%	
Flash point	losed cup: 12°C (53,6°F) [ASTM D 56]	
Auto-ignition temperature	ot available.	
Decomposition temperature	ot available.	
рН	ot applicable.	
pH : Justification	roduct is non-soluble (in water).	
Viscosity	ynamic: <38 mPa⋅s	
Solubility(ies)	oluble in the following materials: methanol.	
Solubility in water	ot available.	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/	ot applicable.	
water		
Vapour pressure	ot available.	
Evaporation rate	ot available.	
Relative density	,86 to 0,87 [calculated.]	
Density	,86 to 0,87 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)] [calculated.]	
Vapour density	1 [Air = 1]	
Explosive properties	on-explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: op ames, sparks and static discharge, heat and shocks and mechanical im	
Oxidising properties	ot available.	
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	ot applicable.	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity			
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.		
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.		
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 14/12/2021 Date of previous issue : 13/07/2021 Version : 4.01 9/17		

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. If involved in a fire, toxic gases including CO, CO2 and smoke can be generated.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
butanone	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Mouse	23500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	8 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	6480 mg/kg 2737 mg/kg	-
Isopropyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	16000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
butanone	2737	6480	N/A	N/A	N/A
Isopropyl alcohol	5000	12800	N/A	30	N/A

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
butanone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
Isopropyl alcohol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Eyes	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Respiratory Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary

Date of issue/Date of revision

#### Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878 -**United Kingdom (UK)**

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Skin

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Respiratory

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Mutagenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result	
Isopropyl alcohol	OECD 471	Subject: Bacteria	Negative	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available dat	ta, the classification criteria are not m	et.	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>				
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b> : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
Reproductive toxicity				
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Based on available dat	ta, the classification criteria are not m	et.	
Teratogenicity				
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Based on available dat	ta, the classification criteria are not m	et.	
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)				

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
butanone	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Isopropyl alcohol	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

#### Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### Not available.

Conclusion/Summary General Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity Reproductive toxicity	<ul> <li>Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.</li> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> </ul>
Endocrine disrupting properties Other information	<ul><li>Not available.</li><li>Not available.</li></ul>

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
butanone	Acute EC50 >500000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute LC50 520000 µg/l Fresh water		48 hours
	Acute LC50 5640 mg/l	Fish	24 hours
	Acute LC50 3320 to 3220000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 400 ppm Marine water	Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
Isopropyl alcohol	Acute LC50 1400 to 1950 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 9640 to 10000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1400 mg/l	Fish - Gambusia affinis	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
butanone	OECD 301D	98 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
Isopropyl alcohol	OECD 301E	95 % - 19 days	-	-
	-	>70 % - Readily - 10 days	7 mg/l	-
	-	53 % - Readily - 5 days	-	-
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b> : This product has not been tested for biodegradation. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
butanone Isopropyl alcohol	-	-	Readily Readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
butanone	0,3	-	low
Isopropyl alcohol	0,05		low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

# Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878 - United Kingdom (UK)

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### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Mobility

: Volatile.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
12.7 Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code		
08 01 11*		
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.	

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information ADR/RID ADN** IMDG ΙΑΤΑ 14.1 UN number UN1263 UN1263 UN1263 UN1263 or ID number 14.2 UN proper Paint Paint Paint Paint shipping name 14.3 Transport 3 3 3 3 hazard class(es) Ш П 14.4 Packing Ш Ш group 14.5 No. No. No. No. **Environmental** hazards Date of issue/Date of revision : 14/12/2021 Date of previous issue : 13/07/2021 Version : 4.01 13/17

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

			<b>F</b>	
Additional	Special provisions	Special provisions	<b>Emergency</b>	Quantity limitation
information	640 (C)	640 (C)	schedules F-E, <u>S-E</u>	Passenger and Cargo
	Tunnel code (D/E)		<b>Remarks</b> : < 5L:	Aircraft: 60 L.
			Limited Quantity -	Packaging
			IMDG 3.4	instructions: 353.
				Cargo Aircraft Only:
				220 L. Packaging
				instructions: 364.
				Limited Quantities -
				Passenger Aircraft: 10
				L. Packaging
				instructions: Y341.

14.6 Special precautions for	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
user		upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in
		the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk	: Not available.
according to IMO	
instruments	

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and envir	onmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
EU Regulation (EC) No. 190	<u>)7/2006 (REACH)</u>
Annex XIV - List of substa	nces subject to authorisation
Annex XIV	
None of the components a	re listed.
Substances of very high	<u>concern</u>
None of the components a	
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Other EU regulations	
VOC	: The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	<ul> <li>IIA/f. Interior and exterior minimal build woodstains. EU limit value for this product : 700g/l (2010.)</li> <li>This product contains a maximum of 700 g/l VOC.</li> </ul>
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed
Ozone depleting substance	ces (1005/2009/EC)
Not listed.	
Prior Informed Consent (P	<u>PIC) (649/2012/EC)</u>

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### Not listed.

#### Persistent Organic Pollutants (850/2004/EC)

Not listed.

#### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria
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Category	
P5c	

#### **United Kingdom: Great Britain**

References

- : EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
- Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878 REGULATION (EU) 2016/425 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 9 March 2016 on personal protective equipment and repealing Council Directive 89/686/EEC

#### **International regulations**

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

List name	Ingredient name	Status
Not listed.		

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

List name	Ingredient name	Status
Not listed.		

**CN code** : 3208 90 99 00

Inventory list	
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: Not determined.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
	1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	Expert judgment

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

United Kingdom, Croot Pritoin

United Kingdom: Great Brita	un		
Full text of abbreviated H statements	:	H319 Ca H336 Ma	yhly flammable liquid and vapour. uses serious eye irritation. y cause drowsiness or dizziness. peated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	:	Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 STOT SE 3	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
Date of printing	:	14/12/2021	
Date of issue/ Date of revision	:	14/12/2021	
Date of previous issue	:	13/07/2021	
Version	:	4.01	
Notice to reader			

Notice to reader IMPORTANT NOTE: The information in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. The information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates. Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant

product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

MANUFACTURER'S DISCLAIMER: the conditions, methods and factors affecting the handling, storage, application, use and disposal of the product are not under the control and knowledge of the manufacturer. Therefore the manufacturer does not assume responsibility for any adverse events which may occur in the handling, storage, application, use, misuse or disposal of the product and, so far as permitted by applicable law, the manufacturer expressly disclaims liability for any and all loss, damages and/or expenses arising out of or in any way connected to the storage, handling, use or disposal of the product. Safe handling, storage, use and disposal are the responsibility of the users. Users must comply with all applicable health and safety laws.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein,

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878 - United Kingdom (UK)

Patent Knotting

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.