

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# WEATHERSHIELD MAXIMUM EXPOSURE SMOOTH MASONRY EXTRA DEEP BASE

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name

: WEATHERSHIELD MAXIMUM EXPOSURE SMOOTH MASONRY EXTRA DEEP BASE

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses			
Professional use Consumer use			
Uses advised against			
None			

### Product use

: Waterborne coating for exterior use.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

ICI Paints AkzoNobel, Wexham Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL2 5DS, U.K. Tel.: +44 (0) 333 222 70 70 www.duluxtrade.co.uk

e-mail address of person : duluxtrade.advice@akzonobel.com responsible for this SDS

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison CenterTelephone number: +44 (0)344 892 0111SupplierTelephone number: Emergency Telephone : Slough +44 (0) 1753 550000



WEATHERSHIELD MAXIMUM EXPOSURE SMOOTH MASONRY EXTRA DEEP BASE

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

2

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	:	Warning		
Hazard statements	:	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long	g lasting effects.	
Precautionary statements				
General	:	P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P101 - If medical advice is needed, ha	ve product container or la	bel at hand.
Prevention	:	P280 - Wear eye or face protection. P273 - Avoid release to the environme P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after h		
Response	:	P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rin Remove contact lenses, if present and P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists:	l easy to do. Continue rins	ing.
Storage	:	Not applicable.		
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and contain national and international regulations.	ner in accordance with all	local, regional,
Supplemental label elements	:	Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one reaction. Warning! Hazardous respira Do not breathe spray or mist.		
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:			
Special packaging requirem	en	<u>ts</u>		
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.		
Tactile warning of danger	:	Not applicable.		
2.3 Other hazards				
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any sub vPvB.	stances that are assessed	l to be a PBT or a
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.		
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 26-1-2024	Version : 1	
Date of previous issue		: No previous validation	2/20	AkzoNobel

WEATHERSHIELD MAXIMUM EXPOSURE SMOOTH MASONRY EXTRA DEEP BASE

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≤5	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
Alcohols, C9-11-branched, ethoxylated	CAS: 169107-21-5	<3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg	[1]
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	REACH #: 01-2119475104-44 EC: 203-961-6 CAS: 112-34-5 Index: 603-096-00-8	<1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	-	[1] [2]
IPBC	EC: 259-627-5 CAS: 55406-53-6 Index: 616-212-00-7	<0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (larynx) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.5 mg/l M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
bronopol (INN)	EC: 200-143-0 CAS: 52-51-7 Index: 603-085-00-8	≤0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg M [Acute] = 10	[1]
isoproturon (ISO)	EC: 251-835-4 CAS: 34123-59-6 Index: 006-044-00-7	≤0.049	Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373 (blood) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 10	[1]
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	EC: 220-120-9 CAS: 2634-33-5	<0.01	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = $0.05$ mg/l Skin Sens. 1, H317: C $\geq 0.05\%$ M [Acute] = 10	[1]
terbutryn	EC: 212-950-5 CAS: 886-50-0	≤0.016	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1]
CMIT/MIT(3:1)	REACH #: 01-2120764691-48 EC: 911-418-6	<0.0015	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 50	[1]
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 26-1-2024	I	Version :1	1	1
Date of previous issue	: No previous valida	tion	3/20	Akzo	Nobe

WEATHERSHIELD MAXIMUM EXPOSURE SMOOTH MASONRY EXTRA DEEP BASE

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

CAS: 55965-84-9	Skin Corr. 1C, H314	mg/kg
Index: 613-167-00-5	Eye Dam. 1, H318	ATE [Inhalation
IIIdex. 010-107-00-0	Skin Sens. 1A, H317	(dusts and mists)]
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400	= 0.05  mg/l
	Aquatic Chronic 1,	Skin Corr. 1C,
	H410	H314: C ≥ 0.6%
	EUH071	Skin Irrit. 2, H315:
		$0.06\% \le C < 0.6\%$
		Eye Dam. 1, H318:
		C ≥ 0.6%
		Eye Irrit. 2, H319:
		0.06% ≤ C < 0.6%
		Skin Sens. 1, H317:
		C ≥ 0.0015%
		M [Acute] = 100
		M [Chronic] = 100
	See Section 16 for	
	the full text of the H	
	statements declared	
	above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter  $\leq$  10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1 Description of first aid n	neasures		
Eye contact		with plenty of water, occasionally I remove any contact lenses if easy Get medical attention.	
Inhalation	If not breathing, if breat artificial respiration or o person providing aid to adverse health effects position and get medica	air and keep at rest in a position c thing is irregular or if respiratory arr oxygen by trained personnel. It may give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation persist or are severe. If unconscio al attention immediately. Maintain collar, tie, belt or waistband.	est occurs, provide y be dangerous to the . Get medical attention if us, place in recovery
Skin contact		in with plenty of water. Remove co rention if symptoms occur. Wash c y before reuse.	
Ingestion	swallowed and the expo drink. Stop if the expos induce vomiting unless the head should be kep attention if adverse hea mouth to an unconscio	vater. Remove dentures if any. If r osed person is conscious, give sma sed person feels sick as vomiting n directed to do so by medical perso ot low so that vomit does not enter alth effects persist or are severe. N us person. If unconscious, place ir ediately. Maintain an open airway. vaistband.	all quantities of water to hay be dangerous. Do not nnel. If vomiting occurs, the lungs. Get medical lever give anything by n recovery position and get
Protection of first-aiders		n involving any personal risk or with ne person providing aid to give mou	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 26-1-2024	Version :1	
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	4/20	AkzoNobel

WEATHERSHIELD MAXIMUM EXPOSURE SMOOTH MASONRY EXTRA DEEP BASE

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, CMIT/MIT(3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Date of previous issue

e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e			
5.1 Extinguishing media			
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishi	ing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.		
5.2 Special hazards arising f	from the substance or	r mixture	
Hazards from the substance or mixture	This material is ha contaminated with	ed, a pressure increase will occur and the container may irmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water this material must be contained and prevented from be waterway, sewer or drain.	r
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition pro carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides	oducts may include the following materials:	
5.3 Advice for firefighters			
Special protective actions for fire-fighters		ne scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the action shall be taken involving any personal risk or with	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 26-1-2024	Version : 1	

: No previous validation 5/20 AkzoNob

WEATHERSHIELD MAXIMUM EXPOSURE SMOOTH MASONRY EXTRA DEEP BASE

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and materials for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from

Color leak in without lisk. Move containers from spin area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

6.4 Reference to other<br/>sections: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.<br/>See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.<br/>See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 26-1-2024	Version : 1	
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	6/20	AkzoNobe

WEATHERSHIELD MAXIMUM EXPOSURE SMOOTH MASONRY EXTRA DEEP BASE

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

: Not available.

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

**Recommended monitoring procedures**If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient na	me Ty	уре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	DN	NEL	Long term Oral	6.25 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DN	NEL	Long term Inhalation	67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DN	NEL	Short term Inhalation	101.2 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
IPBC	DN	NEL	Long term Inhalation	0.023 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
	DN	NEL	Short term Inhalation	0.07 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DN	NEL	Short term Inhalation	1.16 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DN	NEL	Long term Inhalation	1.16 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DN	NEL	Long term Dermal	2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
bronopol (INN)	DN	IEL	Short term Dermal	0.004 mg/	General	Local
te of issue/Date of revision	: 26-1-202	4		Version	:1	
te of previous issue	: No previo	ous va	lidation	7/20		AkzoNobe

WEATHERSHIELD MAXIMUM EXPOSURE SMOOTH MASONRY EXTRA DEEP BASE

ECTION 8: Exposure co	ntrols/p	ersonal prote	ction		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	cm <sup>2</sup> 0.004 mg/	population General	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	cm² 0.008 mg/ cm²	population Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.008 mg/ cm <sup>2</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.18 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.6 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.7 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	2.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	10.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.345 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.966 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	6.81 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic
CMIT/MIT(3:1)	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral Short term Oral	0.09 mg/ kg bw/day 0.11 mg/	General population General	Systemic Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	Cysternic

### PNECs

No PNECs available.

### 8.2 Exposure controls



#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne Appropriate engineering controls contaminants. Individual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, Hygiene measures before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk Eye/face protection assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Skin protection Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time >480 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Viton $\mathbb{B}$ or Nitrile, thickness $\geq 0.38$ mm. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time >30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Nitrile, thickness $\geq 0.12$ mm. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. **Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the **Respiratory protection** appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used. **Environmental exposure** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to controls ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.



# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Yellow.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 100°C (212°F)
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit	: Not available.
Flash point	: Not available.

### Flash point

Auto-ignition temperature

2

÷

÷

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method	
2-[(2-methoxy-4-nitrophenyl)azo]-N- (2-methoxyphenyl)-3-oxobutyramide	180	356	VDI 2263	
[N,N,N',N',N'',N''-hexaethyl-29H,31H- phthalocyaninetrimethylaminato(2-)-N29,N30,N31, N32]copper	192	377.6		
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	210	410	DIN 51794	

#### **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. pН : 8 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%] [DIN EN 1262] : Kinematic (room temperature): 543 mm<sup>2</sup>/s [DIN EN ISO 3219] Viscosity Kinematic (40°C): Not applicable. [DIN EN ISO 3219]

#### Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water	Soluble [OESO (TG 105)]

#### Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable. water

### Vapor pressure

	,	Vapor Pressu	ire at 20°C	V	apor pres	sure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
ammonia	360.03	48				
methanol	126.96	16.9				
methyl methacrylate	27.75	3.7				
Relative density	: 1.2	292			•	•
/apor density	: No	ot available.				
article characteristics						
Median particle size	: No	t applicable.				
Percentage of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 um	: 0					



<b>SECTION 10: Stabilit</b>	y and reactivity
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, CMIT/MIT(3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	850 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	6050 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	4500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	4500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	2200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5660 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6050 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6050 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Route of exposure unreported	Mouse	6050 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Route of exposure unreported	Rat	4500 mg/kg	-
IPBC	LD50 Oral	Rat	1470 mg/kg	-
bronopol (INN)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
,	mists		J. J	
	LD50 Dermal	Mouse	4750 mg/kg	-
e of issue/Date of revision	: 26-1-2024	Version	n :1	
e of previous issue	: No previous validation	11/20		AkzoNob

WEATHERSHIELD MAXIMUM EXPOSURE SMOOTH MASONRY EXTRA DEEP BASE

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

	LD50 Dermal	Rat	64 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	32.8 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	15500 µg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	22 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	26 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	48 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	37400 µg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	270 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	194 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	190 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	180 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	267 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	254 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	342 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	116 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	170 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	200 mg/kg	-
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1150 mg/kg	-
one				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1020 mg/kg	-
terbutryn	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>10200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	554 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	699 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	3884 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2045 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Product as-supplied	42416	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Alcohols, C9-11-branched, ethoxylated	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
IPBC	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.5
bronopol (INN)	500	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.05
terbutryn	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CMIT/MIT(3:1)	100	50	N/A	N/A	0.05

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
bronopol (INN)	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	80 mg	-
terbutryn	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	76 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	380 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Sensitization</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>					

Date of issue/Date of revision Date of previous issue



#### WEATHERSHIELD MAXIMUM EXPOSURE SMOOTH MASONRY EXTRA DEEP BASE

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Reproductive toxicityConclusion/Summary: Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Our sidie terrest error terrisity (single errors

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
bronopol (INN)	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 1 Category 2	-	larynx blood

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely	: Not available.
routes of exposure	

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
•	-
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>					
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.				
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.				
Long term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.				
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.				
Potential chronic health effects					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 26-1-2024	Version : 1			
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	13/20	AkzoNobel		

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

No additional information.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Acute LC50 1300000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
IPBC	Acute EC50 956 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0.16 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 500 ppb Fresh water	Crustaceans - Hyalella azteca	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2920 ppb Marine water	Crustaceans - Neomysis mercedis - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 40 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 95 ppb Marine water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 100 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 72 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 67 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 67 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 8.4 ppb	Fish - Pimephales promelas	35 days
bronopol (INN)	Acute EC50 0.02 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.41 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Navicula pelliculosa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.22 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.18 ppm Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatun	n 96 hours
	Acute EC50 1.6 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 36 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 11.17 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 41.5 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 20 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 26.4 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1.94 ppm	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	49 days
	Chronic NOEC 1.94 ppm	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	49 days
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Acute EC50 97 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 26-1-2024	Version :1	I
			AkzoNobel

WEATHERSHIELD MAXIMUM EXPOSURE SMOOTH MASONRY EXTRA DEEP BASE

SECTION 12: Ecological information					
	Acute EC50 2.24 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours		
	Acute EC50 3.7 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours		
	Acute EC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours		
	Acute EC50 2 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours		
	Acute LC50 10 to 20 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 hours		
		dubia			
	Acute LC50 540 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours		
	Acute LC50 167 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours		
	Acute LC50 0.75 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours		
	Acute LC50 1.8 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours		
	Acute LC50 1.6 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours		
terbutryn	Acute EC50 3.1 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Dunaliella tertiolecta	96 hours		
	Acute EC50 0.1 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Fragilaria capucina ssp.	96 hours		
		rumpens			
	Acute EC50 2 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours		
	Acute EC50 3.3 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours		
	Acute EC50 2.7 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours		
	Acute EC50 2.66 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours		
	Acute EC50 7100 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours		
	Acute LC50 579.3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Pacifastacus	48 hours		
		leniusculus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)			
	Acute LC50 1400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius carassius	96 hours		
	Acute LC50 1.5 ppm Marine water	Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus	96 hours		
	Acute LC50 2.4 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours		
	Acute LC50 0.82 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours		
	Acute LC50 1800 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours		
			ee nouro		

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	1	-	low
bronopol (INN)	0.18	-	low
isoproturon (ISO)	2.87	-	low
terbutryn	3.74	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Mobility : Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision	
Date of previous issue	



WEATHERSHIELD MAXIMUM EXPOSURE SMOOTH MASONRY EXTRA DEEP BASE

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Disposal considerations	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

### European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation	
EWC 08 01 12	waste paint and varnish other than those mentioned in 08 01 11	
Packaging		
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.	
Disposal considerations	<ul> <li>Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.</li> </ul>	
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.	

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

		ADR/RID		IMDG
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulate	d.	Not regulated.	
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-		-	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-		-	
14.4 Packing group	-		-	
Date of issue/Date of revi	sion	: 26-1-2024	Version : 1	
Date of previous issue		: No previous validation	16/20	AkzoNobel

WEATHERSHIELD MAXIMUM EXPOSURE SMOOTH MASONRY EXTRA DEEP BASE

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.
nazaras		

# **14.6 Special precautions for user**: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

# 14.7 Transport in bulk: Not applicable.according to IMOinstruments

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### UK (GB) /REACH

### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

### Annex XIV

Date of previous issue

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.		
Other EU regulations			
VOC		ve 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this nical data sheet for further information	
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	: Not available.		
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed		
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed		
Ozone depleting substance Not listed.	<u>es (1005/2009/EU)</u>		
Prior Informed Consent (P Not listed.	IC) (649/2012/EU)		
Persistent Organic Polluta Not listed.	<u>nts</u>		
<u>Seveso Directive</u> This product is not controllec <u>Biocidal products regulation</u>			
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 26-1-2024	Version :1	

17/20

: No previous validation

AkzoNobe

WEATHERSHIELD MAXIMUM EXPOSURE SMOOTH MASONRY EXTRA DEEP BASE

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

### 15.2 Chemical Safety

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

Assessment

# SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available</li> </ul>
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

1				
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.			
H301	Toxic if s	wallowed.		
H302	Harmful i	f swallowed.		
H310	Fatal in c	Fatal in contact with skin.		
H311	Toxic in c	ontact with skin.		
H312	Harmful i	n contact with skin.		
H314	Causes s	evere skin burns and eye damage.		
H315		kin irritation.		
H317	May caus	e an allergic skin reaction.		
H318		erious eye damage.		
H319	Causes s	Causes serious eye irritation.		
H330	Fatal if in	Fatal if inhaled.		
H331	Toxic if ir	Toxic if inhaled.		
H335	May caus	May cause respiratory irritation.		
		d of causing genetic defects.		
H350	May caus	May cause cancer.		
H351	Suspecte	Suspected of causing cancer.		
		-		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 26-1-2024	Version : 1		
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	18/20	AkzoNobel	

SECTION 16: Other in	SECTION 16: Other information			
H360FD		May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.		
H362		May cause harm to breast-fed children.		
H370		Causes damage to organs.		
H372		Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated		
11072		exposure.		
H373		May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated		
		exposure.		
H400		Very toxic to aquatic life.		
H410		Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
H411		Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
H412		Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
EUH071		Corrosive to the respiratory tract.		
Full text of classifications [CL				
Acute Tox. 2		ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2		
Acute Tox. 3		ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3		
Acute Tox. 4		ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4		
Aquatic Acute 1		AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1		
Aquatic Chronic 1		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1		
Aquatic Chronic 2		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2		
Aquatic Chronic 3		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3		
Carc. 1B		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B		
Carc. 2		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2		
Eye Dam. 1		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1		
Eye Irrit. 2		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2		
Flam. Liq. 2		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2		
Lact.		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Effects on or via lactation		
Muta. 2		GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2		
Repr. 1A		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1A		
Skin Corr. 1B		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B		
Skin Corr. 1C		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C		
Skin Irrit. 2		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2		
Skin Sens. 1		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1		
Skin Sens. 1A		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A		
Skin Sens. 1B		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B		
STOT RE 1		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED		
		EXPOSURE) - Category 1		
STOT RE 2		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED		
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2		
STOT SE 1		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) -		
STOT SE 3		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) -		
		Category 3		
Date of printing	: 26-1-2024			
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 26-1-2024			
Date of previous issue	: No previous valid	lation		
Version	: 1			
Unique ID				
Notice to reader	. 27/214003200			



