

**AkzoNobel** 

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

WEATHERSHIELD MAXIMUM EXPOSURE SMOOTH MASONRY LIGHT BASE

**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking** 

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : WEATHERSHIELD MAXIMUM EXPOSURE SMOOTH MASONRY LIGHT BASE

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Professional use Consumer use

Uses advised against

None

**Product use** : Waterborne coating for exterior use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

ICI Paints AkzoNobel, Wexham Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL2 5DS, U.K.

Tel.: +44 (0) 333 222 70 70 www.duluxtrade.co.uk

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: duluxtrade.advice@akzonobel.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Center

**Telephone number** : +44 (0)344 892 0111

**Supplier** 

**Telephone number** : Emergency Telephone : Slough +44 (0) 1753 550000

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## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Eye Irrit. 2, H319

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word : Warning

**Hazard statements** : H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

**General**: P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

**Prevention**: P280 - Wear eye or face protection.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

**Response** : P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : Not applicable.

**Disposal**: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

: Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, CMIT/MIT(3:1) and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets

may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and

placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥15 - ≤20	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
Alcohols, C9-11-branched, ethoxylated	CAS: 169107-21-5	<3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg	[1]
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	REACH #: 01-2119475104-44 EC: 203-961-6 CAS: 112-34-5 Index: 603-096-00-8	<1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	-	[1] [2]
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	EC: 220-120-9 CAS: 2634-33-5	<0.05	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.05 mg/l Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.05% M [Acute] = 10	[1]
bronopol (INN)	EC: 200-143-0 CAS: 52-51-7 Index: 603-085-00-8	≤0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg M [Acute] = 10	[1]
IPBC	EC: 259-627-5 CAS: 55406-53-6 Index: 616-212-00-7	<0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (larynx) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.5 mg/l M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
isoproturon (ISO)	EC: 251-835-4 CAS: 34123-59-6 Index: 006-044-00-7	≤0.05	Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373 (blood) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 10	[1]
terbutryn	EC: 212-950-5 CAS: 886-50-0	≤0.016	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1]
CMIT/MIT(3:1)	REACH #: 01-2120764691-48 EC: 911-418-6	<0.0015	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 50	[1]

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SECTION 3: Compo	sition/informati	on on in	gredients		
	CAS: 55965-84-9 Index: 613-167-00-5		Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.05 mg/l Skin Corr. 1C, H314: C ≥ 0.6% Skin Irrit. 2, H315: 0.06% ≤ C < 0.6% Eye Dam. 1, H318: C ≥ 0.6% Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 0.06% ≤ C < 0.6% Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.0015% M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 2-methyl-	EC: 220-239-6 CAS: 2682-20-4	<0.0015	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 300 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.05 mg/l Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.0015% M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

Inhalation

Skin contact

- [1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact : Imm

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses if easy to do. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse.

Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

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### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, CMIT/MIT(3:1), 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

media

: None known.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Hazards from the substance or mixture In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous combustion** products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available. Industrial sector specific : Not available. solutions

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).  TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.  STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 67.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEL: 101.2 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

# procedures

**Recommended monitoring**: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

## **DNELs/DMELs**

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	6.25 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	<b>5</b>		
	DNEL	Short term	101.2 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.345 mg/	General	Systemic
.,			kg bw/day	population	-,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.966 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Zong tonin Bonnar	kg bw/day	TT OT IN OTO	Cycloniic
	DNEL	Long term	1.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	g,	population	Cycloniic
	DNEL	Long term	6.81 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	5.5 / mg/m	., 011010	3,0.011110
pronopol (INN)	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.004 mg/	General	Local
	PINEL	CHOIL CHIII DEIIIIGI	cm <sup>2</sup>	population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.004 mg/	General	Local
	DINCL	Long term Dermal	cm <sup>2</sup>	population	LUCAI
	חאבי	Short term Dermal		Workers	Local
	DNEL		0.008 mg/ cm <sup>2</sup>	MANIVEIZ	Local
	חאבי	Long torm Dormal		Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.008 mg/ cm <sup>2</sup>	MANIVEIZ	Local
	חאבי	Long torm Oral		Conoral	Systemis
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.18 mg/	General	Systemic
	DVIE	Charttama Cal	kg bw/day	population	Cyatamai -
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DVIE	Chart ta	bw/day	population	Loos
	DNEL	Short term	0.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
	חאורי	Inhalation	0.6 1 3	population	C. rat!
	DNEL	Long term	0.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	0.7	population	0
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.7 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	D	Ob and A service	bw/day	population	0
	DNEL	Short term	1.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
	D	Inhalation	0 "	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	D		bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	2.1 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	l
	DNEL	Short term	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
					1
		Inhalation			
	DNEL		6 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation Short term Dermal	bw/day		
	DNEL DNEL	Inhalation			Systemic Systemic
		Inhalation Short term Dermal	bw/day	Workers	
PBC		Inhalation Short term Dermal Short term	bw/day		
PBC	DNEL	Inhalation Short term Dermal Short term Inhalation	bw/day 10.5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
PBC	DNEL	Inhalation Short term Dermal Short term Inhalation Long term	bw/day 10.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.023 mg/	Workers Workers	Systemic
PBC	DNEL DNEL	Inhalation Short term Dermal Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation	bw/day 10.5 mg/m³ 0.023 mg/ m³	Workers Workers	Systemic Systemic
PBC	DNEL DNEL	Inhalation Short term Dermal Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation	bw/day 10.5 mg/m³ 0.023 mg/ m³ 0.07 mg/m³	Workers Workers Workers	Systemic Systemic Systemic
PBC	DNEL DNEL	Inhalation Short term Dermal Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Short term	bw/day 10.5 mg/m³ 0.023 mg/ m³	Workers Workers Workers	Systemic Systemic
PBC	DNEL DNEL DNEL	Inhalation Short term Dermal Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation	bw/day 10.5 mg/m³ 0.023 mg/ m³ 0.07 mg/m³ 1.16 mg/m³	Workers Workers Workers	Systemic Systemic Systemic Local
PBC	DNEL DNEL	Inhalation Short term Dermal Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term	bw/day 10.5 mg/m³ 0.023 mg/ m³ 0.07 mg/m³	Workers Workers Workers	Systemic Systemic Systemic
IPBC	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Inhalation Short term Dermal Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation	bw/day 10.5 mg/m³ 0.023 mg/ m³ 0.07 mg/m³ 1.16 mg/m³	Workers Workers Workers Workers	Systemic Systemic Systemic Local Local
PBC	DNEL DNEL DNEL	Inhalation Short term Dermal Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term	bw/day 10.5 mg/m³ 0.023 mg/ m³ 0.07 mg/m³ 1.16 mg/m³	Workers Workers Workers	Systemic Systemic Systemic Local

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CMIT/MIT(3:1)	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
	DIVLL	Inhalation	0.02 mg/m	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term	0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.09 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.11 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 2-methyl-	DNEL	Long term	0.021 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Long term	0.021 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.027 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term	0.043 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	0.043 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.053 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

## **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time >480 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Viton ® or Nitrile, thickness ≥ 0.38 mm. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time >30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended.

Recommended gloves: Nitrile, thickness ≥ 0.12 mm.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task **Body protection** being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist

before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be

selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the

appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust

ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

**Physical state** : Liquid. Color : White.

Odor : Characteristic. : Not available. **Odor threshold** Melting point/freezing point : Not available. **Boiling point, initial boiling** : 100°C (212°F) point, and boiling range

. Not available. **Flammability** Lower and upper explosion

limit

: Not available.

Flash point : Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	210	410	DIN 51794
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes	244.85	472.7	
2-ethylhexyl acrylate	252	485.6	

**Decomposition temperature**: Not available.

**pH** : 8 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%] [DIN EN 1262]

Viscosity : Kinematic (room temperature): 521 mm²/s [DIN EN ISO 3219]

Kinematic (40°C): Not applicable. [DIN EN ISO 3219]

Solubility(ies) :

 Media
 Result

 cold water
 Soluble [OESO (TG 105)]

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapor pressure :

	Vapor Pressure at 20°C			Vapor pressure at 50°C			
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
ammonia	360.03	48					
methyl methacrylate	27.75	3.7					
2-ethylhexyl acrylate	0.18	0.024					

Relative density : 1.345

Vapor density : Not available.

**Particle characteristics** 

**Median particle size** : Not applicable.

Percentage of particles with : 0 aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10

μm

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

**10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.

**10.5 Incompatible materials** : No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, CMIT/MIT(3:1), 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### **Acute toxicity**

D50 Dermal   D50 Dermal   D50 Dermal   D50 Intraperitoneal   D50 Intraperitoneal   D50 Oral   D50	Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
LD50 Intraperitoneal   Mouse   850 mg/kg   -	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2700 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral		LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	850 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral   LD50 Oral   Mouse   2000 mg/kg   -		LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	2 g/kg	-
LD50 Oral		LD50 Oral	Guinea pig		-
LD50 Oral		LD50 Oral	Mouse	2400 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral   Mouse   4500 mg/kg   - LD50 Oral   LD50 Oral   Rabbit   2200 mg/kg   - LD50 Oral   Rabbit   2200 mg/kg   - LD50 Oral   Rat   5660 mg/kg   - LD50 Oral   Rat   4500 mg/kg   - LD50 Oral   Rat   4500 mg/kg   - LD50 Oral   Rat   6050 mg/kg   - LD50 Route of exposure   Mouse   6050 mg/kg   - LD50 Route of exposure   LD50 Route of exposure   LD50 Oral   LD50 Oral   LD50 Oral   Rat   4500 mg/kg   - LD50 Oral   LD50 Oral   Rat   1020 mg/kg   - LD50 Oral   Rat   800 mg/m³   4 hours   4750 mg/kg   - LD50 Oral   Rat   64 mg/kg   - LD50 Intraperitoneal   Rat   64 mg/kg   - LD50 Intraperitoneal   Rat   22 mg/kg   - LD50 Intraperitoneal   Rat   22 mg/kg   - LD50 Intraperitoneal   Rat   22 mg/kg   - LD50 Intravenous   Mouse   A750 mg/kg   - LD50 Intravenous   Rat   22 mg/kg   - LD50 Intravenous   Rat   22 mg/kg   - LD50 Intravenous   Rat   22 mg/kg   - LD50 Intravenous   Rat   A800 mg/kg   - LD50 Intravenous   Rat   A800 mg/kg   - LD50 Oral   Rat   254 mg/kg   - LD50 Oral   Rat   254 mg/kg   - LD50 Oral   LD50 Oral   LD5		LD50 Oral	Mouse		-
LD50 Oral		LD50 Oral	Mouse		-
LD50 Oral		LD50 Oral	Mouse	4500 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral		LD50 Oral	Rabbit		-
LD50 Oral   Rat   4500 mg/kg   -		LD50 Oral	Rat	5660 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral		LD50 Oral	Rat		-
LD50 Oral		LD50 Oral	Rat		-
LD50 Route of exposure unreported LD50 Route of exposure unreported LD50 Route of exposure unreported LD50 Oral Mouse 1150 mg/kg - 150 Oral Mouse LD50 Oral Rat 1020 mg/kg - 150 Oral Rat 1050 Dermal Rat 1050 Dermal Rat 1050 Intraperitoneal Mouse 15500 µg/kg - 15500 Intraperitoneal Rat 15500 µg/kg - 15500 Oral Mouse 15500 µg/kg - 15500 Oral Mouse 15500 µg/kg - 15500 Oral Rat 15500 Pg/kg - 15500 Oral Rat 15500 Pg/kg - 15500 Oral Rat 15		LD50 Oral	Rat		-
Unreported   LD50 Route of exposure   Rat   4500 mg/kg   -		LD50 Route of exposure	Mouse		-
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-   One					
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-   One		LD50 Route of exposure	Rat	4500 mg/kg	-
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one   LD50 Oral   Mouse   LD50 mg/kg   -					
Decision   LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists   LD50 Dermal   LD50 Dermal   Rat   64 mg/kg   - LD50 Intraperitoneal   Mouse   32.8 mg/kg   - LD50 Intraperitoneal   Mouse   15500 μg/kg   - LD50 Intraperitoneal   Rat   22 mg/kg   - LD50 Intraperitoneal   Rat   22 mg/kg   - LD50 Intraperitoneal   Rat   26 mg/kg   - LD50 Intravenous   Mouse   48 mg/kg   - LD50 Intravenous   Rat   37400 μg/kg   - LD50 Oral   Mouse   270 mg/kg   - LD50 Oral   Rabbit   190 mg/kg   - LD50 Oral   Rat   180 mg/kg   - LD50 Oral   Rat   267 mg/kg   - LD50 Oral   Rat   254 mg/kg   - LD50 Oral   Ra	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		Mouse	1150 mg/kg	-
bronopol (INN)		LD50 Oral	Rat	1020 ma/ka	_
LD50 Dermal LD50 Dermal Rat Bat Bat Bat Bat Bat Bat Bat Bat Bat B	bronopol (INN)				4 hours
LD50 Dermal       Rat       64 mg/kg       -         LD50 Intraperitoneal       Mouse       32.8 mg/kg       -         LD50 Intraperitoneal       Mouse       15500 μg/kg       -         LD50 Intraperitoneal       Rat       22 mg/kg       -         LD50 Intravenous       Rat       26 mg/kg       -         LD50 Intravenous       Mouse       48 mg/kg       -         LD50 Intravenous       Rat       37400 μg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Mouse       270 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Mouse       194 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       180 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       267 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       254 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       254 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       254 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       342 mg/kg       -			Mausa	4750 mg/kg	
LD50 Intraperitoneal       Mouse       32.8 mg/kg       -         LD50 Intraperitoneal       Mouse       15500 μg/kg       -         LD50 Intraperitoneal       Rat       22 mg/kg       -         LD50 Intraperitoneal       Rat       26 mg/kg       -         LD50 Intravenous       Mouse       48 mg/kg       -         LD50 Intravenous       Rat       37400 μg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Mouse       270 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rabbit       190 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       180 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       267 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       254 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       254 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       342 mg/kg       -					-
LD50 Intraperitoneal       Mouse       15500 μg/kg       -         LD50 Intraperitoneal       Rat       22 mg/kg       -         LD50 Intraperitoneal       Rat       26 mg/kg       -         LD50 Intravenous       Mouse       48 mg/kg       -         LD50 Intravenous       Rat       37400 μg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Mouse       270 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Mouse       194 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rabbit       190 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       180 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       267 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       254 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       342 mg/kg       -					-
LD50 Intraperitoneal       Rat       22 mg/kg       -         LD50 Intraperitoneal       Rat       26 mg/kg       -         LD50 Intravenous       Mouse       48 mg/kg       -         LD50 Intravenous       Rat       37400 μg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Mouse       270 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Mouse       194 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rabbit       190 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       180 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       267 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       254 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       342 mg/kg       -					-
LD50 Intraperitoneal       Rat       26 mg/kg       -         LD50 Intravenous       Mouse       48 mg/kg       -         LD50 Intravenous       Rat       37400 μg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Mouse       270 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Mouse       194 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rabbit       190 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       180 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       267 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       254 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       342 mg/kg       -					-
LD50 Intravenous       Mouse       48 mg/kg       -         LD50 Intravenous       Rat       37400 μg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Mouse       270 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Mouse       194 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rabbit       190 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       180 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       267 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       254 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       342 mg/kg       -					-
LD50 Intravenous LD50 Oral LD50 Oral Mouse LD50 Oral Mouse 194 mg/kg - LD50 Oral Rabbit 190 mg/kg - LD50 Oral Rat S42 mg/kg -					-
LD50 Oral					-
LD50 Oral       Mouse       194 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rabbit       190 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       180 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       267 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       254 mg/kg       -         LD50 Oral       Rat       342 mg/kg       -					-
LD50 Oral					-
LD50 Oral					-
LD50 Oral				0 0	-
LD50 Oral Rat 254 mg/kg - LD50 Oral Rat 342 mg/kg -					-
LD50 Oral Rat 342 mg/kg -					-
					-
LD50 Subcutaneous   Mouse   116 mg/kg   -					-
ı		LD30 Subcutaneous	iviouse	i i o mg/kg	[-

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	170 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	200 mg/kg	-
IPBC	LD50 Oral	Rat	1470 mg/kg	-
terbutryn	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>10200 mg/kg	-
•	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	554 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	699 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	3884 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2045 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

## **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Product as-supplied	39293.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Alcohols, C9-11-branched, ethoxylated	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.05
bronopol (INN)	500	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
IPBC	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.5
terbutryn	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CMIT/MIT(3:1)	100	50	N/A	N/A	0.05
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 2-methyl-	100	300	N/A	N/A	0.05

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
bronopol (INN)	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	80 mg	-
terbutryn	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	76 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	380 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary

- -

: Not available.

<u>Sensitization</u>

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

<u>Carcinogenicity</u>

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
bronopol (INN)	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract

irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
IPBC isoproturon (ISO)	Category 1 Category 2	-	larynx blood

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely

: Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : No specific data.

**Ingestion** : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

No additional information.

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# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Acute LC50 1300000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Acute EC50 97 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.24 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 3.7 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10 to 20 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 540 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 167 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.75 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1.8 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1.6 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
bronopol (INN)	Acute EC50 0.02 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.41 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Navicula pelliculosa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.22 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.18 ppm Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1.6 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 36 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 11.17 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 41.5 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 20 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 26.4 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1.94 ppm	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	49 days
	Chronic NOEC 1.94 ppm	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	49 days
IPBC	Acute EC50 956 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0.16 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 500 ppb Fresh water	Crustaceans - Hyalella azteca	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2920 ppb Marine water	Crustaceans - Neomysis mercedis - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 40 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 95 ppb Marine water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 100 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 72 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 67 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 67 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 8.4 ppb	Fish - Pimephales promelas	35 days
terbutryn	Acute EC50 3.1 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Dunaliella tertiolecta	96 hours
Crodity 11	Acute EC50 0.1 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Fragilaria capucina ssp. rumpens	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours

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# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

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		subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 3.3 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
		subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 2.7 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2.66 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 7100 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 579.3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Pacifastacus	48 hours
		leniusculus - Juvenile (Fledgling,	
		Hatchling, Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 1400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius carassius	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1.5 ppm Marine water	Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2.4 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.82 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1800 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 2-methyl-	Acute EC50 0.18 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 0.3 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.19 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.07 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	1	-	low
bronopol (INN)	0.18	-	low
isoproturon (ISO)	2.87	-	low
terbutryn	3.74	-	low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

: Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

**Mobility** 

: Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** 

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

**Disposal considerations** 

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no

longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

#### European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation	
EWC 08 01 12	waste paint and varnish other than those mentioned in 08 01 11	

#### **Packaging**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Disposal considerations

: Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers.

Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or

national legal provisions.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	IMDG
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.

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# SECTION 14: Transport information

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not applicable.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### UK (GB) /REACH

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

#### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions**: Not applicable.

on the manufacture.

placing on the market

and use of certain

dangerous substances,

mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

VOC : The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the

product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

**VOC for Ready-for-Use** 

**Mixture** 

: Not available.

: Not listed

: Not listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution

prevention and control) -

**Industrial emissions** 

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

**Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

**Seveso Directive** 

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

**Biocidal products regulation** 

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

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# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

acronyms

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

## Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.

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H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 2 **ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2** Acute Tox. 3 **ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3** Acute Tox. 4 **ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4** Aquatic Acute 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 **CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2** Carc. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 Met. Corr. 1 CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 Skin Corr. 1A SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A Skin Corr. 1B SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B Skin Corr. 1C SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 Skin Sens. 1A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A Skin Sens. 1B SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B STOT RE 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) -Category 3

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