

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### WEATHERSHIELD MAXIMUM EXPOSURE SMOOTH MASONRY MEDIUM BASE

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name

#### : WEATHERSHIELD MAXIMUM EXPOSURE SMOOTH MASONRY MEDIUM BASE

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses
Professional use Consumer use	
	Uses advised against
None	
Product use	: Waterborne coating for exterior use.
I.3 Details of the supplier of	the safety data sheet
ICI Paints AkzoNobe Wexham Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL2 5DS, U.K. Tel.: +44 (0) 333 222 www.duluxtrade.co.u	2 70 70
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: duluxtrade.advice@akzonobel.com
I.4 Emergency telephone nu	mber
National advisory body/Poi	son Center
Telephone number	: +44 (0)344 892 0111
Supplier	

Telephone number: Emergency Telephone : Slough +44 (0) 1753 550000



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# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

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See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	:	Warning		
Hazard statements	:	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long	g lasting effects.	
Precautionary statements				
General	:	P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P101 - If medical advice is needed, ha	ive product container or la	abel at hand.
Prevention	:	P280 - Wear eye or face protection. P273 - Avoid release to the environme P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after h		
Response	:	P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Ri Remove contact lenses, if present and P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists	l easy to do. Continue rin	sing.
Storage	:	Not applicable.		
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and conta national and international regulations.	iner in accordance with al	l local, regional,
Supplemental label elements	:	Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one reaction. Warning! Hazardous respira Do not breathe spray or mist.		
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.		
Special packaging requirem	en	<u>ts</u>		
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.		
Tactile warning of danger	:	Not applicable.		
2.3 Other hazards				
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any sub vPvB.	stances that are assesse	d to be a PBT or a
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.		
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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥15 - ≤20	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
Alcohols, C9-11-branched, ethoxylated	CAS: 169107-21-5	<3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg	[1]
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	REACH #: 01-2119475104-44 EC: 203-961-6 CAS: 112-34-5 Index: 603-096-00-8	<1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	-	[1] [2]
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	EC: 220-120-9 CAS: 2634-33-5	<0.05	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = $0.05$ mg/l Skin Sens. 1, H317: C $\geq 0.05\%$ M [Acute] = 10	[1]
IPBC	EC: 259-627-5 CAS: 55406-53-6 Index: 616-212-00-7	<0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (larynx) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.5 mg/l M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
bronopol (INN)	EC: 200-143-0 CAS: 52-51-7 Index: 603-085-00-8	≤0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg M [Acute] = 10	[1]
isoproturon (ISO)	EC: 251-835-4 CAS: 34123-59-6 Index: 006-044-00-7	≤0.05	Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373 (blood) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 10	[1]
terbutryn	EC: 212-950-5 CAS: 886-50-0	≤0.016	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1]
CMIT/MIT(3:1)	REACH #: 01-2120764691-48 EC: 911-418-6	<0.0015	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 50	[1]
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## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

CAS: 55965-84-9	Skin Corr. 1C, H314	mg/kg
Index: 613-167-00-5	Eye Dam. 1, H318	ATE [Inhalation
	Skin Sens. 1A, H317	(dusts and mists)]
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400	= 0.05  mg/l
	Aquatic Chronic 1,	Skin Corr. 1C,
	H410	H314: C ≥ 0.6%
	EUH071	Skin Irrit. 2, H315:
		$0.06\% \le C < 0.6\%$
		Eye Dam. 1, H318:
		C ≥ 0.6%
		Eye Irrit. 2, H319:
		0.06% ≤ C < 0.6%
		Skin Sens. 1, H317:
		C ≥ 0.0015%
		M [Acute] = 100
		M [Chronic] = 100
	See Section 16 for	
	the full text of the H	
	statements declared	
	above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter  $\leq$  10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1 Description of first aid n	neasures		
Eye contact		with plenty of water, occasionally l remove any contact lenses if easy Get medical attention.	
Inhalation	If not breathing, if breat artificial respiration or o person providing aid to adverse health effects position and get medica	air and keep at rest in a position of hing is irregular or if respiratory an xygen by trained personnel. It ma give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation persist or are severe. If unconscio al attention immediately. Maintain collar, tie, belt or waistband.	rest occurs, provide y be dangerous to the . Get medical attention if us, place in recovery
Skin contact		n with plenty of water. Remove co ention if symptoms occur. Wash c / before reuse.	
Ingestion	swallowed and the expo drink. Stop if the expos induce vomiting unless the head should be kep attention if adverse hea mouth to an unconsciou	vater. Remove dentures if any. If r osed person is conscious, give sm sed person feels sick as vomiting n directed to do so by medical perso ot low so that vomit does not enter alth effects persist or are severe. N us person. If unconscious, place in rediately. Maintain an open airway. vaistband.	all quantities of water to hay be dangerous. Do not onnel. If vomiting occurs, the lungs. Get medical lever give anything by n recovery position and get
Protection of first-aiders		n involving any personal risk or witl ne person providing aid to give mou	
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## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, CMIT/MIT(3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

: No previous validation

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Date of previous issue

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5.1 Extinguishing media			
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguish	ing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.		
5.2 Special hazards arising f	from the substance or	r mixture	
Hazards from the substance or mixture	This material is ha contaminated with	ed, a pressure increase will occur and the container may bur armful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water n this material must be contained and prevented from being v waterway, sewer or drain.	st.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition pro carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides		
5.3 Advice for firefighters			
Special protective actions for fire-fighters		he scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the inci action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without	dent if
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### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
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## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and materials for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas.

upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.
 6.4 Reference to other : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

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# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

sections

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternati made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.	
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.	

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

: Not available.

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

**Recommended monitoring procedures**If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	е Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	6.25 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	101.2 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.345 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.966 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	6.81 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic
IPBC	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.023 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
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ECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection							
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term Inhalation	1.16 mg/m³	Workers	Local		
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.16 mg/m³	Workers	Local		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic		
bronopol (INN)	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.004 mg/ cm <sup>2</sup>	General population	Local		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.004 mg/ cm <sup>2</sup>	General population	Local		
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.008 mg/ cm <sup>2</sup>	Workers	Local		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.008 mg/ cm <sup>2</sup>	Workers	Local		
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.18 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic		
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic		
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local		
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.6 mg/m³	General population	Systemic		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.7 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic		
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic		
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	2.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic		
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local		
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local		
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic		
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic		
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	10.5 mg/m³		Systemic		
CMIT/MIT(3:1)	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	population	Local		
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local		
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	population	Local		
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local		
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.09 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic		
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.11 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic		

#### PNECs

No PNECs available.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls



<b>SECTION 8: Exposu</b>	SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection					
Appropriate engineering controls	: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.					
Individual protection meas	sures					
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.					
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.					
Skin protection						
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.					
	When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time >480 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Viton ® or Nitrile, thickness $\geq$ 0.38 mm. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time >30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Nitrile, thickness $\geq$ 0.12 mm. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.					
	The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance.					
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.					
Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>					
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>					
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.					
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.					



# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: White.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 100°C (212°F)
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit	: Not available.
Flash point	: Not available.

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#### Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	210	410	DIN 51794
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes	244.85	472.7	
2-ethylhexyl acrylate	252	485.6	

Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
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рН	: 8 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%] [DIN EN 1262]
Viscosity	<ul> <li>Kinematic (room temperature): 530 mm<sup>2</sup>/s [DIN EN ISO 3219]</li> <li>Kinematic (40°C): Not applicable. [DIN EN ISO 3219]</li> </ul>
Solubility/ios)	

#### Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water	Soluble [OESO (TG 105)]

#### Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

#### water

#### Vapor pressure

	Vapor Pressure at 20°C		V	Vapor pressure at 50°		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
ammonia	360.03	48				
methyl methacrylate	27.75	3.7				
2-ethylhexyl acrylate	0.18	0.024				
Relative density	: 1.323	3	-			
Vapor density	: Not a	available.				
Particle characteristics						
Median particle size	: Not a	applicable.				
Percentage of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm	n : 0					



SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity					
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.				
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.				
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.				
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.				
10.5 Incompatible materials	: No specific data.				
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.				

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, CMIT/MIT(3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	850 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	6050 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	4500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	4500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	2200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5660 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6050 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6050 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Route of exposure unreported	Mouse	6050 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Route of exposure unreported	Rat	4500 mg/kg	-
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1150 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1020 mg/kg	-
IPBC	LD50 Oral	Rat	1470 mg/kg	-
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oronopol (INN)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Mouse	4750 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	64 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	32.8 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	15500 µg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	22 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	26 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	48 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	37400 µg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	270 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	194 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	190 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	180 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	267 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	254 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	342 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	116 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	170 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	200 mg/kg	-
terbutryn	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>10200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	554 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	699 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	3884 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2045 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Product as-supplied	37479.9	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Alcohols, C9-11-branched, ethoxylated	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.05
IPBC	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.5
bronopol (INN)	500	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
terbutryn	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CMIT/MIT(3:1)	100	50	N/A	N/A	0.05

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
bronopol (INN)	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	80 mg	-
terbutryn	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	76 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	380 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Sensitization</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>					
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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Reproductive toxicityConclusion/Summary: Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
bronopol (INN)	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 1 Category 2	-	larynx blood

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely	:	Not available.
routes of exposure		

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>			
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.		
Long term exposure			
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.		
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>		
Not available.			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

	—
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

No additional information.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Acute LC50 1300000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-or		Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.24 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 3.7 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10 to 20 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 540 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 167 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.75 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1.8 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1.6 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
IPBC	Acute EC50 956 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0.16 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 500 ppb Fresh water	Crustaceans - Hyalella azteca	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2920 ppb Marine water	Crustaceans - Neomysis mercedis - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 40 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 95 ppb Marine water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 100 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 72 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 67 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 67 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling Weanling)	
	Chronic NOEC 8.4 ppb	Fish - Pimephales promelas	35 days
bronopol (INN)	Acute EC50 0.02 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.41 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Navicula pelliculosa	96 hours
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ECTION 12: E	cological information		
	Acute EC50 0.22 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	96 hours
	Aguta ECEO 0 19 ppm Marine water	subcapitata	06 hours
	Acute EC50 0.18 ppm Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1.6 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 36 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 11.17 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 41.5 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 20 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 26.4 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1.94 ppm	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	49 days
	Chronic NOEC 1.94 ppm	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	49 days
terbutryn	Acute EC50 3.1 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Dunaliella tertiolecta	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.1 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Fragilaria capucina ssp. rumpens	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3.3 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 2.7 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2.66 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 7100 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 579.3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Pacifastacus leniusculus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius carassius	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1.5 ppm Marine water	Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2.4 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.82 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1800 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary :

#### : Not available.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	1	-	low
bronopol (INN)	0.18	-	low
isoproturon (ISO)	2.87	-	low
terbutryn	3.74	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil Soil/water partition

coefficient (Koc)

Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

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# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### **13.1 Waste treatment methods**

<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Disposal considerations	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

#### European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

•	
Waste code	Waste designation
EWC 08 01 12	waste paint and varnish other than those mentioned in 08 01 11
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Disposal considerations	<ul> <li>Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.</li> </ul>
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	IMDG
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-
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# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	•	
14.5 Environmental	No.	No.
hazards		

14.6 Special precautions for	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
user		upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in
		the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk	:	Not applicable.
according to IMO		
instruments		

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### UK (GB) /REACH

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

#### Annex XIV

Date of previous issue

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

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This product is not controlled Biocidal products regulation		e.	
Persistent Organic Polluta Not listed. Seveso Directive	<u>ints</u>		
Prior Informed Consent (P Not listed.	<u>IC) (649/2012/EU)</u>		
Ozone depleting substanc Not listed.	<u>es (1005/2009/EU)</u>		
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed		
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed		
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	: Not available.		
VOC		tive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this hnical data sheet for further informat	
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles <u>Other EU regulations</u>	: Not applicable.		
· · · · ·			

: No previous validation



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### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

### 15.2 Chemical Safety

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

Assessment

## SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available</li> </ul>
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

1				
H225		Highly flammable liquid and vapor.		
H301		Toxic if swallowed.		
H302		Harmful if swallowed.		
H310		Fatal in contact with skin.		
H312		Harmful in contact with skin.		
H314		Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.		
H315		Causes skin irritation.		
H317		May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
H318		Causes serious eye damage.		
H319		Causes serious eye irritation.		
H330		Fatal if inhaled.		
H331		Toxic if inhaled.		
H335		May cause respiratory irritation.		
		Suspected of causing cancer.		
H372		Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated		
		exposure.		
H373		May cause damage to organs throug	h prolonged or repeated	
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SECTION 16: Other information			
H400 H410 H411 H412 EUH071 <b>Full text of classifications</b>	exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Corrosive to the respiratory tract.		
Acute Tox. 2 Acute Tox. 3 Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 Carc. 2 Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Skin Corr. 1B Skin Corr. 1C Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1A Skin Sens. 1B STOT RE 1 STOT RE 2 STOT SE 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 3		
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